



Police Gazette,

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

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This Gazette is published for Police information only, and the Police throughout the State are instructed to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the contents.

FRED. HARE, Commissioner of Police.

No. 45.]

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[1907.]

CIRCULAR ORDERS AND MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION.

Police Department,
Chief Office,
Perth, 30th October, 1907.

C.O. 32/07.

C.O. File 4895/07.—The Police throughout the State are directed to promptly report cases of deaf, dumb, or blind children, who by reason of their infirmity, are prevented from attending school.

FRED HARE,
Commissioner of Police.

C.O. 33/1907.—The following judgment of the High Court of Australia *re* the construction to be placed on Section 65 of "The Police Act, 1892," relating to idle and disorderly persons, is published for general information.

FRED HARE,
Commissioner of Police.

LEE FAN V. DEMPSEY.
Judgment of Chief Justice.

The appellant was convicted under section 65 of the (W.A.) Police Act, 1892, of being an idle and disorderly person. Special leave to appeal from the order of Burnside J. affirming the conviction was given on the suggestion that according to the construction of a Victorian enactment in identical words, as declared by the Full Court of Victoria (*Wilson v. Travers*, 1906, V.L.R. 734), the proceedings against the appellant did not disclose an offence known to the law.

Section 65 enacts that "every person who shall commit any of the next following offences shall be deemed an idle and disorderly person within the meaning of this Act, and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six calendar months with or without hard labour." Then follows an enumeration of eight separate categories of persons, of which the first is (1) "Every person having no visible lawful means of support or insufficient lawful means of support, who being thereto required by any Justice, or who having been duly summoned for such purpose or brought before any Justice, shall not give a good account of his means of support to the satisfaction of such Justice."

This category, like the others, is of a class of persons as to whom a state of facts can be predicated, and not of persons who do or omit to do some specific act.

It has been the practice in W.A. when it is sought to take advantage of this enactment to bring the accused person before Justices and offer evidence to show that he has no visible lawful means of support or insufficient lawful means of support. It has been supposed that the burden was then cast upon him of giving a good account of his means of support to the satisfaction of the Justices, and if he failed to do so a conviction has followed. The same practice has been followed in Victoria until the decision of the case of *Wilson v. Benson* by Hodges J. in 1905 (1905 V.L.R., p. 229), and has also been followed in other States under similar enactments. The learned Judges of the Supreme Court of Victoria held that the failure to give a good account of his means of support must occur before any charge can be laid against a man under the Statute so that the Justice before whom he is called upon to give such account of his means of support cannot there and then convict him, but a new charge must be brought against him alleging the failure as an element of the offence. This point is one of great general importance, since similar provisions are in force all over the Commonwealth, and the provisions in question are much relied on by the Police in the maintenance of order. Other objections to the conviction have been taken but if they stood alone the leave to appeal should, I think, be rescinded.

The difficulty arises from the use in a somewhat loose and inaccurate sense of the word "offences" in the enacting sentence of section 65. In reality that section creates only one substantive offence, that of being an idle and disorderly person, and the eight categories of persons are not, properly speaking, definitions of offences, but of states of facts which if proved will establish that substantive offence. This is clearly shown by the following section (66) which is framed on the same lines as section 65, and provides that any person who shall commit any one of certain offences shall be deemed a rogue and vagabond. The first case is "Every person committing any of the offences in the next preceding section mentioned, having been previously convicted as an idle and disorderly person." The seventh case is "Every person apprehended as an idle and disorderly person and violently resisting any constable or other officer so apprehending him, etc." In like manner section 68 speaks of a constable or other person apprehending "any person charged with being an idle and disorderly person." The Act 7 Geo. IV., c. 83, from which the scheme of section 65 is taken, gives a form of conviction of an idle and disorderly person. The form sets out that the defendant is convicted "of being an idle and disorderly person for that, etc.," setting out the terms of the particular category of idle and disorderly persons within which he falls.

In the case of the first category the accused cannot be convicted of the substantive offence until (1) it has been proved that he is without visible lawful means of support or has insufficient lawful means of support, and (2) he has failed to give a good account of his means of support to the satisfaction of the Justices. But, in my opinion, this second condition is not an element of the charge to be made against the defendant, but a condition precedent to his conviction on the charge of being an idle and disorderly person, because he has no visible lawful means of support or has insufficient lawful means of support. If, on proof of this fact, and on being lawfully called upon, he fails to give a good account of his means of support, he may be convicted there and then. The section allows him to be so called upon in either of three ways: (1) on being thereto required by any Justice; (2) on being duly summoned for such purpose; (3) on being brought before a Justice. The first case appears to refer to a summary personal demand made by a Justice out of Court in the exercise of his general authority, upon which, under the older Statute the Justice under a practice now obsolete could have convicted upon view. In this case it may perhaps now be necessary to prefer a charge against the accused after he has failed to satisfy the demand, but I express no opinion on this point. In the second case a summons would be issued upon a complaint that the defendant is an idle and disorderly person without visible lawful means, etc. The summons would be in the ordinary form, calling upon him to appear "to answer the said complaint and be further dealt with according to law." The third case assumes that the defendant is brought before the Justice in custody and charged with being an idle and disorderly person for the same reason. The section itself says nothing as to the conditions under which a man may be apprehended on such a charge. Section 66 (7) and section 68, however as already shown, contemplate that under some circumstances a man may be so apprehended. In my opinion the words "brought before any Justice" mean brought on warrant or without warrant as the case may be. Whether a constable has authority to apprehend a man without warrant as an idle and disorderly person on the ground that he is found offending must depend upon whether the category within which the man is alleged to fall is such that the guilt is capable of being ascertained upon view. Some of the cases mentioned in section 65 are clearly of such a kind, while others perhaps are not. In the latter case a personal demand by a Justice or a summons would perhaps be necessary. The want of visible lawful means of support is certainly capable of being so ascertained.

But, for the reasons already given, I do not think that any of these matters are elements of the offence. They relate only to the procedure and not to the subject matter. Another instance of similar procedure is afforded by section 69, under which the charge on which a man is brought before a Justice is "having on his person or, etc., anything which is reasonably suspected of being stolen." If he then fails to give an account of the possession to the satisfaction of the Justice he may be convicted. In this case it is clear that the giving of the account to the satisfaction of the Justice must be after and not before the charge is laid. Other instances are afforded by the Statutes relating to offences committed by insolvent debtors, in which it is commonly provided that certain facts shall constitute an offence unless the jury are satisfied that there is no intent to defraud. The practical effect in all these cases is that the alleged offender is to be charged with the facts which *prima facie* constitute an offence, that the onus to discharge himself is then cast upon him, and that if he fail to discharge that onus he may be convicted. In my opinion therefore the procedure followed in the present case was right, and the view of the Statute taken by the learned Judges in Victoria was erroneous. The cases of *Wilson v. Benson* and *Wilson v. Travers* must be regarded as overruled so far as they are inconsistent with this judgment.

LEE FAN V. DEMPSEY.

Judgment of Barton J.

This Court is not concerned with the sufficiency of the information, the quantum of the evidence, or the form of the conviction. The sole question on which special leave was granted was the meaning of section 65 (1) of the Police Act, 1892, of this State, "Every person who shall commit any of the next following offences shall be deemed an idle and disorderly person within the meaning of this Act, and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment, etc.":—(namely) (1) "Every person having no visible lawful means of sup-

port or insufficient lawful means of support, who being thereto required by any Justice, or who having been duly summoned for such purpose, or brought before any Justice, shall not give a good account of his means of support to the satisfaction of such Justice."

It is contended for the appellant that Justices who under this provision are performing not a judicial but a ministerial or administrative duty, and that if a Justice is not satisfied that the person before him has given a good account of his means of support the Justice is not entitled to convict, but that the person before he can be found guilty must be brought before another Justice and the facts which constitute the offence must be proved over again before he can be called on for a defence. This is tantamount to saying that a second complaint must be laid against him (for it would be a strange thing to inquire whether he is an idle and disorderly person without a complaint in the first instance) and that unless this be done he is entitled to be acquitted or discharged, notwithstanding that he has had an opportunity of rebutting the inference which undeniably arises from the fact of his being without visible or sufficient lawful means of support. I cannot accede to that contention. It is in effect to say that in dealing with people who in a vast number of cases cannot be dealt with at all unless summarily, the formalities are to be gone through which are necessitated upon magisterial inquiries into indictable offences, and that the Justice is really called upon to perform a process equivalent to a committal for trial: with the result of a second investigation upon the same evidence for the prosecution which the accused person has already failed to rebut, and with the further grotesquerie that if due effect be given to the final words of the sub-section, guilt is only to be established finally by proving to the second Justice that the accused has failed to satisfy the mind of the first. Obviously such a construction of the Act would lead to absurd and futile results, and it should be avoided, according to ordinary rules of interpretation, if there is another and a more reasonable construction fairly open. Fortunately the position is a safer one, and the practice sanctioned by usage, until recently unbroken, rests upon the plain words of the enactment. The conviction prescribed in section (65) is for the comprehensive offence of being an "idle and disorderly person," and the section embraces eight specific sets of facts which will prove the commission of that offence, just as the next section (66) embraces twelve separate sets which are sufficient to prove a person to be a "rogue and vagabond," and the 67th section includes three other classifications under any one of which a person may be brought for proof that he is an "incorrigible rogue." Apart from procedure, there are in sub-section 1 of section (65) two things which constitute the *probanda*: (a) that the person has no visible lawful means of support or insufficient lawful means of support: (b) that he fails to satisfy the Justice by a "good," which means a reasonably credible account and not what is commonly called a "thin" one, that he has actual, that is sufficient, means of support. Unless he can do that the *prima facie* case arising by inference from the absence or insufficiency of means, of which some evidence must first be given (*see per Hood J. Appleby v. Armstrong* 27 V.L.R. 138) remains un rebutted, and the Justice may and should convict and punish, and there an end. Notwithstanding the rather incautious application of the word "offence" to them in the opening words of the section instead of to the real offence of being an idle and disorderly person, to which the word "conviction" clearly applies, the matter specified in the several sub-sections are just the evidentiary ingredients of the offence in its eight phrases. In sub-section (1) indeed, the failure to satisfy the Justice may be due to entire absence of evidence of actual lawful means as well as from unsatisfactory or insufficient evidence thereof and there is no compulsion upon the accused to give evidence personally, as seems to be supposed. The person liable to conviction under section (65) (1) as an idle and disorderly person, in that he has no lawful means of support is therefore a person whose means of support are non-apparent or insufficient, in the absence of evidence either on his own part, or on that of others, or both, giving an account of his means of support good enough to satisfy the tribunal. If the man cannot satisfy the tribunal he may be convicted, and I cannot imagine why the appellant should conceive it necessary that he should be tried over again before that tribunal or another one. In my view, with the very greatest respect for the opinions of other Judges it is as unreasonable as to urge that a similar procedure is necessary as to the proofs required by the remaining paragraphs of section (65), the twelve paragraphs of section (66) and the three of section (67),

for I see no sound reason why this paragraph should be distinguished from all the others mentioned, and held to require a procedure so needlessly elaborate that one would think the evidences of the offence of being an idle and disorderly person, prescribed in that paragraph were alone among the means of proving the same offence stated in the eight paragraphs, to be treated as ingredients of an indictable offence until the matter comes before a second Justice.

Some argument has been founded on the words "who being thereunto required by any Justice, or who having been duly summoned for such purpose, or brought before any Justice." I have not found that their presence in the sub-section alters the otherwise plain meaning of the section as to its evidentiary requirements. The first phrase in all probability refers to cases where the offender has come before the Justice on another charge, or as a bystander in Court, is required to account for his apparent lack of any means or of adequate means of honest livelihood. At any rate the existence of such circumstances would satisfy the meaning of the phrase. The meaning may include cases where the Justice could at one time convict "upon his own view," but does so no longer. Such a dealing with the offender was sanctioned by (6 Will. IV., No. 6, sec. 2). "Duly summoned for such purpose" primarily means served with a summons stating the nature of the complaint and I see no reason why another meaning should be sought. "Brought before any Justice" seems to me clearly to mean, "brought there in lawful custody under the charge authorised by section (65), and on the grounds stated in any of its paragraphs.

For the foregoing reasons I am of opinion that the Police Magistrate of Perth in treating the offence as provable and proved before him acted upon the true view of the meaning of the enactment, that Burnside, J., was right in dismissing the appeal under section (183) of the Justices Act, and that this appeal should be dismissed.

LEE FAN v. DEMPSEY.

Judgment of Isaacs, J.

I am of the same opinion. By sections 65, 66, and 67 of "The Police Act, 1892," the legislature of W.A. has made provision for the punishment of three classes of offenders, namely (1) idle and disorderly persons, (2) rogues and vagabonds, and (3) incorrigible rogues.

The first class is liable to six, the second to twelve, and the third to eighteen months imprisonment, the first two with or without hard labour, and the last with hard labour.

A description is given in each section of the various persons, who fall within the class dealt with by that section. Among those who are deemed to be idle and disorderly persons is (1) "Every person having no visible lawful means of support, who being thereto required by any Justice, or who having been duly summoned for such purpose, or brought before any Justice, shall not give a good account of his means of support to the satisfaction of such Justice."

Those who are to be deemed rogues and vagabonds include every person who commits any of the offences which make him an idle and disorderly person "if he has been previously convicted as an idle and disorderly person," and also every person "apprehended as an idle and disorderly person" if he violently resists apprehension and is convicted of the offence for which he was apprehended.

An incorrigible rogue includes every person committing an offence subjecting him to be dealt with as a rogue and a vagabond if he has been "previously convicted as a rogue and a vagabond."

Section 68 speaks of a person being "charged with being an idle and disorderly person, or a rogue and a vagabond, or an incorrigible rogue." It refers to his being apprehended on that charge, and it gives power to take and convey him before a Justice or Justices, and it further enacts that the Justice or Justices by whom "any person shall be adjudged to be an idle and disorderly person, or a rogue and a vagabond or an incorrigible rogue," may make certain orders.

The provisions referred to make it clear that the charge is that of being an idle and disorderly person, etc., and the conviction follows the charge.

The contention of learned counsel for the appellant rested entirely upon the Victorian case of *Wilson v. Travers* (1906 V.L.R. 734) the reasoning of which he simply presented to the Court as correct. *Wilson v. Travers* is largely based upon the reasoning which governed the case of *Wilson v. Benson* (1905 V.L.R. 229), a decision of Hodges, J. Without minutely dissecting the reasons given by the Full Court in *Wilson v. Travers* it

practically amounts to this; "that if a person has no visible lawful means of support," he may be questioned by a Justice acting administratively and not judicially as to his means of support. This may be done either on the Justice's own view, or when the person is summoned in some unofficial way not provided for by law, to appear before the Justice, or upon his being brought before the Justice in some equally informal and undefined manner. If his account be then considered satisfactory by the Justice there is an end to the matter; but if the account be not satisfactory, or if he do not come, the person has committed an offence. Then, and then only upon the reasoning of the Victorian Court can a charge be formulated and the accused put upon his trial.

Passing by for the present the expression "who being thereto required by any Justice," which has an early origin, and at one time stood alone, and taking into consideration the two other branches of the latter portion of the sub-section, namely, "who having been duly summoned for such purpose, or brought before any Justice," they are so far as the words themselves import, ordinary provisions commonly found in connection with the exercise of judicial functions by Justices. A summons or a warrant or a summary arrest are well known methods of securing the attendance of an accused person. No instance has been brought before the Court where these expressions have been used to indicate the exercise of any administrative duties of a Justice. It is a somewhat startling proposition that, although the officer, the procedure, and the determination are all *prima facie* judicial, these are all without any express statutory provision and by some exceptional implication invested with an administrative character, and not for the purpose of simply ascertaining whether a person is already a criminal, but for the possible purpose of constituting that person by administrative process a criminal though otherwise he is not a criminal.

What is there in the Statute to justify, much less to require this unique interpretation of what appears to me to be a very plain enactment. A person appears, suppose to a constable, to be going about at large without any visible lawful means of support and therefore to be a menace to society. It is of importance to protect the public by means of preventative as well as punitive measures and so the legislature has declared that such a person shall be deemed an idle and disorderly person, unless he can satisfy a Justice notwithstanding appearances, or what may be called the *prima facie* conclusion which a fair-minded and careful observer would come to regarding his means, that he really has sufficient lawful means of support. The word "deemed" is significant; the person apparently without lawful means of support is in law considered dangerous, unless he shows the contrary. He may be charged with being an idle and disorderly person as having no lawful means of support; he may be summoned upon that charge for the "purpose" of giving a good account of his means if he can, it being essential however that the prosecution should first establish that he is without visible lawful means of support; or he may be brought before the Justice by warrant or summary arrest as *prima facie* an offender; and assuming the onus of proof in the first instance is satisfied by the prosecution, he is then required to displace it, otherwise he may be convicted. There is nothing new in this method of procedure, nothing unjust or out of harmony with the ordinary course of summary criminal procedure. The case is one requiring more prompt treatment than usual; rather than dilatory process, and so far as I can ascertain, there is not nor has there ever been in any State or Colony, including New Zealand (*see Curran v. O'Connor*, 12 N.Z.L.R. 442), any difficulty in administering the law so interpreted with justice and efficacy.

This is sufficient to dispose of the case, and if it were not that our decision is practically a reversal of the decisions in *Wilson v. Benson* and *Wilson v. Travers* I should not feel called upon to say anything further. But it is due to the learned Judges who determined these cases to examine on its own basis the reasoning by which their judgments are supported. And before indicating what appears to me to be serious practical difficulties in the way of accepting their interpretation of the law, some of which were anticipated by their Honours, I would advert to the fact rightly pointed out by a'Beckett, A. C. J., that according to the practice previously followed, when a person having no visible means of support was brought before a Court of Petty Sessions, and evidence was given that he had no visible means, a *prima facie* case was made against him, which he could displace by proving that he had means or by giving a good account to the satisfaction of the bench before whom he appeared. This interpretation of the law is

very distinctly recognised by Madden, C. J., in *Whitney v. Wilson* (24 V.L.R.) and by Hood, J., in *Appleby v. Armstrong* (27 V.L.R. 136). The observations in the two last mentioned cases on this point are of course not agreed with by the Full Court who decided *Wilson v. Travers*, and are at variance with the reasoning of Hodges, J., in *Wilson v. Benson*; but the inconsistency of the practice referred to by a'Beckett, A. C. J., over a long period of considerably more than thirty years is undoubted. No inconvenience or injustice in following that practice has ever, so far as I am aware, been suggested and the new construction introduced for the first time by *Wilson v. Travers* and *Wilson v. Benson* does, as a'Beckett, A. C. J., correctly points out, present an unsatisfactory view of the sub-section under which the decision was given, and would leave the law ineffective as a working enactment. These are considerations which are very strong to lead a Court to inquire anxiously whether the former view of the enactment so long continued, so reasonable and effective and not unjust, is not after all the proper interpretation; in other words, whether the language of the Legislature contained in that sub-section, when read in conjunction with other sections in the same part of the Act, is not reasonably capable of bearing that interpretation. If the history of the legislation be looked at the matter is beyond doubt. In 1835 an Act was passed in N.S.W. (6 Will. IV., No. 6), which is the Australian foundation of such legislation. By section 2 it was provided "that every person who having no visible lawful means of support or insufficient lawful means, shall not, being thereto required by a Justice of the Peace give a good account thereof to the satisfaction of such Justice" (then follows the enumeration of other descriptions of offenders) "shall be deemed an idle and disorderly person" within the true intent and meaning of the Act, and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to commit such offender (being thereof convicted before him by his own view, or by the confession of such offender, or by the evidence on oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses) to His Majesty's nearest gaol, etc. The form of conviction given by section 13 of the Act corresponded with the form under the English Act read by the learned Chief Justice.

It is manifest that as, under that enactment at least, the Justice might convict on his own view, the Justice who had to be satisfied was the same Justice who if not satisfied could on the same occasion convict. Further, he might convict on the confession of the offender, and that confession could scarcely include a confession that some other Justice or the same Justice on some other occasion acting in another capacity, namely, in an administrative capacity, had not been satisfied with the account of his means.

In 1851 that Act was repealed in N.S.W. and the enactment as to this description of persons was substantially repeated, except that the three alternatives as they have been called were inserted, namely, "required," "summoned," and "brought." Section 15 shows that the form of conviction should still be as before. The penal section in this later Act (15 Vic., No. 4) referring to disorderly persons retained the same references to conviction on view, and confession, as existed in the former Act. Those references are not now found in the Victorian Act of 1890, being matters of procedure, and procedure is otherwise provided for. But the meaning of the alternatives is the same as it was originally. If the view adopted by the Supreme Court of Victoria is correct, the working of the enactment would be not merely ineffective, but practically impossible as well as out of harmony with the rest of the procedure relating to Justices. That view supposes a person who to all appearances has no lawful means of support and assumes that a Justice may voluntarily visit him and require him to give an account of his means. No provision is made for recording or certifying the dissatisfaction of the Justice, if he be not satisfied; and before he can lawfully put the inquiry at all he must first, at least mentally, have satisfied himself that *prima facie* the individual before him has no lawful means of support. If, however, the Justice does not voluntarily go to the individual in question he is, according to the reasoning of the Supreme Court to address some sort of notification to him to attend and be questioned. The further assumption of the Court is that so far no offence is possible, and no charge can be formulated, and consequently the notification cannot be more than a bare request to attend and give some explanation of his means without saying why. If there be nothing in the individual's outward appearance to justify the belief that he is without means, and if he do not admit it, I do not know by what process a Justice can obtain the right to require him to give any account of his means of support. It is by the express

words of the sub-section a condition precedent to the right of the Justice to make any inquiry that the person should have no visible lawful means or insufficient means of support, and if the Justice is acting administratively merely and not judicially, I do not understand how in the case I have supposed, he can get any evidence of the necessary fact. Nor do I understand how the individual questioned can bring other persons to support his account and corroborate his story. He is nevertheless, according to the argument, concluded by the dissatisfaction of the Justice. But, let us carry the matter a stage further and suppose that the Justice obtained an unsatisfactory account or after summons none at all; the next is to charge the offender and bring him before a Justice in the ordinary criminal jurisdiction. The fact of his having no visible lawful means must be again proved, this time before a Justice acting judicially, and on the assumption of the Supreme Court there must also be proved the necessary dissatisfaction of the Justice who acted administratively. If it be the same Justice, I do not know how that essential fact will be proved—it is impossible to imagine the same Justice being both Judge and witness or taking judicial notice of the fact; and even if it were another Justice who acted administratively, is he to be called and to testify as to his dissatisfaction? I can hardly think the case is met by the suggestion of Cussen, J., that some person present who hears the Justice openly express his dissatisfaction could be called to prove it. Apart from this being a most unusual mode of proving, in fact at second hand so to speak, what is assumed to be an essential element of an offence, one can easily conceive of a conflict of evidence as to what the Justice actually said, and some difference of opinion as to what he meant.

Moreover the Court's reasoning involves the strange result adverted to by a'Beckett, A. C. J., that no matter what evidence the accused may on his trial adduce to show that notwithstanding appearances his means are in fact undeniable, it is unavailing, because the administrative Justice was previously dissatisfied and therefore on proof that the accused had no visible means the judicial Justice is bound to convict. It seems to me that this reasoning is by no means so well founded as that which has for so many years supported the practice previously in force. In my opinion that practice was justified by the true construction of the enactment.

Section 46 of the Victorian Act and section 122 of the Western Australian Act strongly support the view I have indicated; but independently of these sections the decision upon which the appellant in this case relies cannot, in my opinion, be supported, and if that decision be wrong the appellant's case must fall.

STEALING IN DWELLINGS, FROM THE PERSON, Etc.

Perth.—On the 1st inst., from owner's person while under the influence of liquor,—a gentleman's metal open face, stem-winding Swiss watch, white dial; a silver chain about 12 inches long, small links, swivel at each end, no bar; and about £5 in gold; the property of FREDERICK WULFING.—A4/8629, 4th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 4th inst. from a bag of one of owner's travellers while in Wellington Street,—a gentleman's silver hunting stem-winding Waltham watch, No. 13508041; a lady's 9ct. gold hunting stem-winding watch, No. 361167; a gold sword and harp brooch set with a pearl and sapphire; a 9ct. gold bar brooch set with 3 rubies; a 9ct. gold plain bar brooch; a 9ct. gold shawl brooch with 2 birds mounted on it; a 9ct. gold brooch with "Australia" in the centre, set with a pearl and ruby; a 9ct. gold brooch with "Australia" in the centre, set with a pearl and sapphire; a 9ct. gold arrow brooch set with a pearl and sapphire; a 9ct. gold ruby and pearl brooch; a 9ct. gold bar brooch with 3 bells suspended; a 9ct. gold ivy leaf and bird brooch; a 9ct. gold double bar brooch set with 2 rubies and a pearl; a 9ct. gold double bar brooch set with a ruby; a 9ct. gold ruby and pearl brooch; a 9ct. gold bar brooch with shield on it, set with a ruby; a pair of 9ct. gold oval pattern sleeve

links; a pair of gold shield pattern sleeve links; a pair of gold oval pattern sleeve links; a 9ct. gold scarf pin with an opal in claw setting; a 9ct. gold bell scarf pin; a gold shield-shaped scarf pin set with an opal; a gold buckle ring; a 15ct. gold ring set with diamonds and rubies; a 15ct. gold ring set with 2 opals and 3 rubies; a 15ct. gold dress ring; a 9ct. gold buckle ring set with 2 rubies and a diamond; a 15ct. gold half-hoop ring set with an opal and ruby; a 15ct. gold ruby and pearl cluster ring; a 9ct. gold ring set with 3 rubies; a 15ct. gold buckle ring set with 2 rubies; a gentleman's 15ct. gold shield ring set with a ruby; a gentleman's 15ct. gold ring set with a large ruby; a lady's 15ct. gold ring set with 3 rubies; and a lady's 15ct. gold keeper ring, engraved; the property of MACCROW & SONS.—A4/8656, 5th November, 1907.

Coolgardie.—Between the 30th ult. and the 4th inst., from owner's residence at East Montana; a gentleman's black metal open-face stem-winding watch; a 15-carat gold double chain, long flat links and small round one of twisted gold wire, alternately; and a number of papers in owner's name; the property of BISHIN SINGH and GOODA SINGH.—A4/8636, 5th November, 1907.

Burbanks.—On the 26th ult., from owner's camp,—a gentleman's silver open-face stem-winding watch, metal dial, steel hands, and a white metal chain, about 12 inches long, small round links; the property of JOE VANOSTA.—A4/8635, 5th November, 1907.

On the 2nd inst., from owner's person while at the Royal Show,—a gentleman's gold open-face stem-winding watch, with "B.C." engraved on the outside of back case, gold hands, very old fashioned, and a silver curb single chain; the property of BARNARD D. CLARKSON.—A4/8633, 4th November, 1907.

Fremantle.—On the 1st inst., from owner's coat, which was hanging in a right-of-way in High Street,—a gentleman's gun metal open-face stem-winding watch, white dial, Roman figures with gold dot at top, black hands, 3 scratches like a broad arrow on the case; the property of WALTER CLEGG.—A4/8631, 4th November, 1907.

Day Dawn.—On the 25th ult., from owner's camp at Barrambie,—a gentleman's metal open-face Waterbury watch, with "A.M." engraved on the outside of case; the property of ALFRED MASSINA.—A4/8630, 5th November, 1907.

York.—On the 30th ult., from owner's residence.—a gentleman's nickel silver open-face Waterbury watch, steel hands, sunk seconds, "A.H." scratched on the inside of case, and a rolled gold large curb chain, with a jubilee medal attached; the property of ALFRED HORTON.—A4/8627, 1st November, 1907.

Lennonville.—Between the 17th and 22nd September, from owner's box while in transit by rail from Mullewa to Nannine,—a 15ct. gold medallion about the size of a half-crown; a pair of gold rim blue-tinted spectacles with ear-clips, which have been mended with silver near the temple; a lady's black silk umbrella, with silver mounted straight handle; a black broche parasol; a blue linen skirt; a navy blue ostrich feather; and a pair of lady's black kid gloves, size 6¾; the property of MARY JANE JENKINS.—A4/8599, 30th October, 1907.

Perth.—On the 1st inst., from the passage of owner's shop, 566 Hay Street,—a gentleman's Massey-Harris bicycle, model 12, No. 319392 under the saddle, enamelled black, handles curved down, rubber grips, rat-trap pedals, steel rims, Dunlop tires, new one on back wheel; the property of the COMMERCIAL TAILORING CO.—A4/8625, 1st November, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 14th and 31st ult., from Little & Co.'s shop in Wellington Street,—a gentleman's new dark check worsted sac suit, size about 6, coat round cut, without lining to back, stitched on edge, flaps to pockets, one hip pocket to trousers; the property of HENRY JORDAN.—A4/8621, 31st October, 1907.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 309, A4/8536.

Beverley.—The steel trunk and contents described in the above reference, the property of RICHARD B. SMITH have been found not stolen.

Perth.—On the 31st ult., from owner's person while under the influence of liquor,—a Savings Bank book in owner's name showing a credit balance of £18; the property of JOHN BRADSHAW.—A4/8618, 31st October, 1907.

Kalgoorlie.—On the 27th ult., from owner's person while under the influence of liquor; a pawn ticket on the Metropolitan Loan Office, Kalgoorlie, in owner's name, for £1 on a concertina; 3 pawn tickets in the same name on the Federal Loan Office, Kalgoorlie, one 5s. on an English lever watch, another for 10s. on a gentleman's overcoat, and the other for 3s. on a silver chain and magnifying glass; and about 3 ozs. of amalgam; the property of THOMAS OVINGTON.—A4/8602, 30th October, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 26th and 28th ult., from the Federal Billiard Saloon, Murray Street,—a brown snooker ball, slightly discoloured; the property of JOHN BRIDGES.—A4/8598, 29th October, 1907.

Perth.—During the night of the 2nd inst., from outside owner's residence, 646 Murray Street,—90 feet of 1in. slate-coloured rubber garden hose, with sprinkler one end, and brass screw connection the other end; the property of Mrs. SMITH.—A4/8628, 3rd November, 1907.

Kelmscott.—On the 29th ult., from 30-mile Hotel on the Perth-Albany Road,—a 5-chamber Colt's revolver about 8 inches long, and a large dark blue rug with red and yellow squares; the property of LOUIS SULLIVAN. Suspicion attaches to three men (names unknown) who were working at the hotel and left on the date mentioned. Descriptions:—1st: Slight build, age 30 years, height 5ft. 10in., fair hair thick in front, fair moustache, fresh complexion; dressed in dark khaki trousers, a sweater, and a brown felt hat; 2nd: Slight build, age 38 years, height 5ft. 3in. or 4in., dark hair, clean shaven, dark complexion; dressed in a dark suit and light felt hat; 3rd: Slight build, age 27 years, height 5ft. 5in., brown hair, clean shaven, sallow complexion; dressed in a dark suit and grey felt hat; believed to be making for the Williams.—A4/8611, 31st October, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 25th ult. and the 2nd inst., from owner's shop in Hay Street,—12 Kropp razors in cases, "Ground specially for Foy & Gibson, Perth, W.A." engraved on blade; the property of FOY & GIBSON.—A4/8623, 2nd November, 1907.

Kalgoorlie.—On the 23rd ult., from owner's residence on the Merindi Hill lease,—a white-haired silver back clothes brush, with angel's head and wings embossed on back; the property of JOHN CARNE.—A4/8614.

Perth.—Between the 2nd and 4th inst., from owner's boat shed on the Esplanade,—a round barometer about 6 inches in diameter, generally used for shipping; the property of SAMUEL LAWRENCE.—A4/8632, 5th November, 1907.

HORSES, CATTLE, Etc.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 310, A4/8529.

Perth.—The gelding described in the above reference the property of THOMAS HOOPER has been found, not stolen.

Katanning.—Sold at Katanning on the 24th ult., by order of F. M. House, R.M.,—a bay mare, 4 years old, 14 hands high, branded A.O. on near ribs; and a dark brown mare, aged, about 14 hands high, branded D on near shoulder.

APPREHENSIONS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 311, W. 907/1907.

JOHN GERAGHTY *alias* BROWN has been arrested by P.C. L. Buck.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, p. 300.

FREDERICK HAGER, brought up at Kalgoorlie on the 25th ult., charged by Det. F. M. Dungey. Committed for trial. Admitted to bail.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 312, A4/8533.

FREDERICK JOHN OLIVER, at Perth, on the 31st ult., by P.C. C. M. Smith. Handed over to the Naval authorities.

CHARLES COOK *alias* JOHN JOHNSON, at Meekering, on the 24th ult., by P.C. W. Cahill; stealing. Brought up at Northam on the 29th ult. 3 months h.l. Property partly recovered.

THOMAS HENRY, at Fremantle on the 12th ult., by P.C. A. H. Pitman; indecently dealing with a child. 2 months h.l.

JOSEPH STAPLETON, at Pinjarrah, on the 30th ult., by P.C. E. Campbell; stealing (2 charges). Brought up at Bunbury on the 2nd inst. 4 months h.l. and 2 months h.l. (cumulative). Property recovered.

JOHN HAYNES, at Perth, on the 30th ult., by P.C. S. H. Read; unlawful possession. 1 month h.l.

GEORGE WILLIAM HUGHES, at Perth, on the 31st ult., by P.Cs. J. Moorhouse, R. Robinson, and C. Kroschell, on warrant; assault causing grievous bodily harm. Committed for trial.

STANLEY ION, at Perth, on the 1st inst., by P.Cs. J. Moorhouse and W. Crawford; breaking and entering. Committed for trial.

LOUISA FRAZER, at Fremantle, on the 29th ult., by P.C. A. H. Pitman; idle and disorderly. 3 months h.l.

CECILIA REILLY, at Fremantle, on the 31st ult., by P.C. A. H. Pitman; idle and disorderly. 3 months h.l.

JOHN HENRY PRITCHARD, at Perth, on the 11th ult., by P.C. G. V. Purdue, on warrant; stealing by servant. Committed for trial 4th inst. Admitted to bail.

WILLIAM RICHARDSON, at Laverton, on the 2nd inst., by P.Cs. W. J. Malone and E. P. Thompson; stealing. 3 months h.l.

LOUI VEZZOLI and DOMINIC MITCHELETTI, at Murrin Murrin, on the 29th ult., by P.C. T. Mulkerin; unlawfully wounding. Vezzoli committed for sentence. Mitchelletti committed for trial.

JAMES PATTERSON, at Perth, on the 24th ult., by Det. C. H. Pearce; stealing and unlawful possession. 2 months h.l. on each charge (cumulative). Property recovered.

PRISONERS TO BE DISCHARGED FROM FREMANTLE GAOL DURING THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER, 1907.

ALLEN *alias* FARQUHAR, JOHN *alias* FARQUHARSON, EDWARD, No. 5347 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 146), medium build, age 27 years, height 5ft. 4½in., light brown hair, thin light eyebrows, grey eyes, high round forehead, large straight nose, oval visage, fair complexion; a labourer and a native of Adelaide, South Australia; J tattooed on left forearm; left eye turned in; mole on right side of face above mouth; hands and arms very freckled; walks lame. Discharge due 28th November.

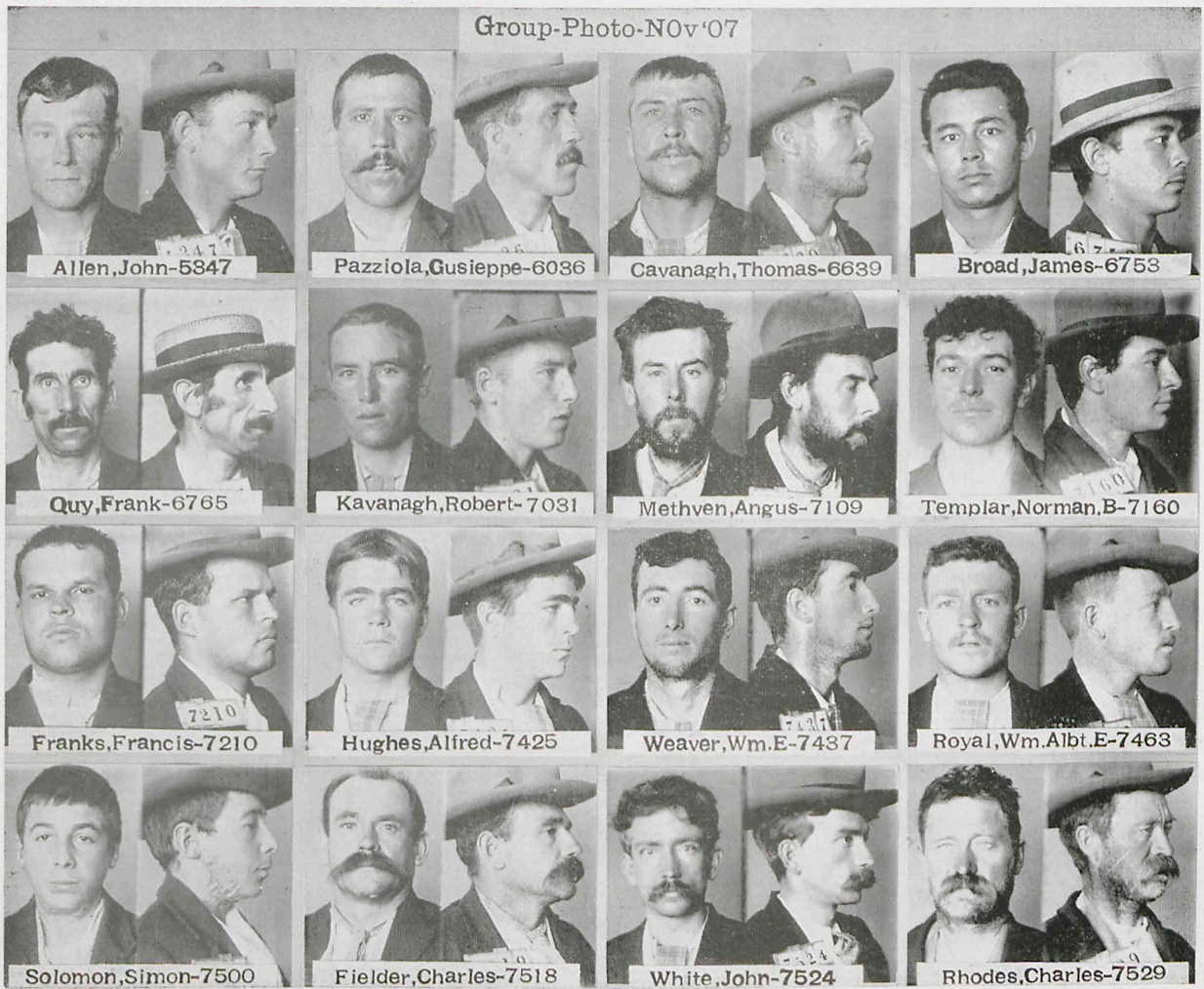
BROAD *alias* HOWE, JAMES, No. 6753 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1906, page 116), medium build, age 24 years, height 5ft. 3in., dark brown hair, dark eyebrows, hazel eyes, very small brown moustache, high round forehead, small straight nose, large mouth, small round chin, copper coloured complexion; a polisher, and a native of Adelaide, South Australia; scar on the back of right wrist; mole on right side of forehead; mole on left side of chin; mole on right side of neck. Discharge due 25th November.

CAVANAGH, THOMAS, No. 6639 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1905, page 133), medium build, age 30 years, height 5ft. 7¼in., light brown hair, dark grey eyes, round visage, fresh complexion; a labourer, and a native of Ballarat, Victoria; scar between eyes; mole on back of neck; 2 scars on left side of head; mole between shoulders. Discharge due 1st November.

FRANKS *alias* BEGGS, FRANCIS, No. 7210 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1906, page 363), stout build, age 23 years, height 5ft. 2¾in., black curly hair, thick black eyebrows, dark brown eyes, high square forehead, long straight pointed nose, large mouth, large round chin, round visage, dark complexion; a cook and a native of Wellington, N.Z.; front top teeth gold filled. Discharge due 7th November.

HUGHES *alias* BLAIN, ALFRED, No. 7425 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 177), medium build, age 18 years, height 5ft. 7¼in., light brown hair, heavy light brown eyebrows, blue eyes, low

PHOTOGRAPHS OF PRISONERS TO BE DISCHARGED FROM FREMANTLE
PRISON DURING THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER, 1907.



For references and descriptions see *Police Gazette*, 1907, pp. 318-321.

This supplement is strictly confidential, and must not be seen by any person other than members of the Police Force, except for the purpose of identification. It is to be filed at every Police Station, and Officers in Charge of Districts will be held responsible that this is done.

square forehead, pug nose, small mouth, small round chin, oval visage, sallow complexion; a tailor, and a native of Semaphore, South Australia; J.A. tattooed indistinctly on the outside of left forearm; heart inside of left forearm; ring tattooed on the 2nd finger of left hand; scar on bridge of nose; 2 scars on left side of head; 2 scars on right side of head; several scars on back of head; mole on back of shoulder. Discharge due 3rd November.

KAVANAGH *alias* CAVANAGH, ROBERT or RICHARD, No. 7031 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 237), medium build, age 17 years, fair hair, thin fair eyebrows, blue eyes, high square forehead, large straight nose, large mouth, small round chin, oval visage, fair complexion; a plumber, and a native of Fremantle, W.A.; D tattooed inside right forearm; scar on back of right wrist; small scar on right elbow; top of little finger of left hand injured; several small scars on left elbow. Discharge due 23rd November.

METHVEN, ANGUS EDWARD, No. 7109 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 204), slight build, age 30 years, height 5ft. 7in., brown hair, red beard and moustache, thin red eyebrows, blue eyes, high round forehead, large narrow Roman nose, small mouth showing teeth, small round chin, long visage, fresh complexion; a surveyor, and a native of Sydney, N. S. W.; top of 3rd finger of left hand crushed; scar on left side of nose; scar on left ankle. Discharge due 24th November.

PIAZZOLA, GUISEPPE, No. 6036 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1903, page 401), medium build, age 31 years, height 5ft. 6½in., dark brown hair and eyes, dark complexion; a labourer, and a native of Italy; scar on right eyebrow, scar on right cheek; 2 moles on left side of neck; scar on back of head; mole on right side of neck. Discharge due 4th November.

QUY, FRANK, No. 6765 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1905, page 274), thin build, age 41 years, height 5ft. 4in., dark brown hair, thin dark moustache, thick dark eyebrows, dark grey eyes, high narrow forehead, large Roman nose, large mouth, large square chin, square visage, sallow complexion; a gardener, and a native of Essex, England; scar on left cheek; 3 marks on front of chest; black mole on centre of back; varicose veins in right leg. Discharge due 18th November.

ROYAL, WILLIAM ALBERT EDWARD, No. 7463 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 211), stout build, age 28 years, height 5ft. 9in., red hair, very small red moustache, thin light eyebrows, blue eyes, high square forehead, large straight nose, small mouth, round visage, fair complexion; a cook, and a native of Goulburn, N.S.W.; top of 1st finger of right hand injured; mole on left cheek; scar under chin; large scar on back of head; scar on front of left shin. Discharge due 30th November.

TEMPLER, NORMAN BEVIS, No. 7160 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1906, page 283), stout build, age 21 years, height 5ft. 11¼in., light brown hair, thin brown arched eyebrows, hazel eyes, high round forehead, large straight nose, large mouth, oval visage, fresh complexion; 2 moles on left side of neck; 2 moles on front of neck; 7 moles on left side of face; mole on back of neck. Discharge due 23rd November.

The undermentioned prisoners were omitted from September and October, 1907, lists:—

FIELDER, CHARLES, *alias* PAUL, No. 7518 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 254), stout build, age 39 years, height 5ft. 3¼in., brown hair and moustache, thick brown eyebrows, grey eyes, high round forehead, large straight nose, large mouth, round chin, oval visage, sallow complexion; a wheelwright, and a native of Tanunda, S. Australia; scar on top of little finger of left hand; scar under chin; several scars on the inside of left wrist; scars on right temple; scar on left side of chin; birth mark on left instep. Discharged 18th October.

RHODES, CHARLES, No. 7529 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 273), medium build, age 36 years, height 5ft. 9¼in., brown hair, fair moustache, thin fair eyebrows, blue eyes, high round forehead, straight nose, large mouth, small round chin, oval visage, sallow complexion; a labourer, and a native of Germany; large scar on left temple; scar on back of head. Discharged 3rd September.

SOLOMON, SIMON, No. 7500 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 245), medium build, age 16 years, height 4ft. 8¾in., dark brown hair, brown eyebrows, dark brown eyes, low receding forehead, fat straight nose, large mouth, round chin, oval visage, fresh complexion; a labourer, and a native of London, England; several large burns on right arm; large burn marks on neck, and on left wrist, chest, and fingers of left hand; mole under left shoulder blade. Discharged 30th September.

WEAVER, WILLIAM ERNEST, No. 7437 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 185), slight build, age 23 years, height 5ft. 9½in., dark brown hair, small brown moustache, thick dark brown eyebrows, brown eyes, high forehead, large thin straight nose, large mouth, large round chin, long visage, sallow complexion; a labourer, and a native of Perth, W.A.; large scar on left wrist; several pock marks on left side of neck. Discharged 30th September.

WHITE, JOHN, No. 7524 (for conviction *vide Police Gazette* 1907, page 258), slight build, age 25 years, height 5ft. 6in., light brown hair, small red moustache, thin light eyebrows, grey eyes, high square forehead, light straight pointed nose, large mouth, round chin, oval visage, sallow complexion; a draper, and a native of Queensland; scar on right temple; mole on left side of neck; red mark on back of neck; mole between shoulders; mole under left breast. Discharged 25th October.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 223, W. 574/1907.

WILLIAM MARROW not to be arrested. Warrant cancelled 31st ult.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 251, W. 660/1907.

F. McDougall not to be arrested. Warrant cancelled 31st ult.

JOHN TAYLOR, medium build, age about 23 years, height about 5 feet 2 inches, dark hair, slight dark moustache, grey eyes, straight nose, round visage, dark complexion, a light brown mark under right eye, a few teeth missing from front top jaw; a butcher; dressed in a dark suit and light soft felt hat; stealing by servant the sum of 2s. 6d. on the 26th ultimo, the

sum of 1s. on the 29th ultimo, and a further sum of 3s. on the 4th inst., the property of Morley Bros., at Victoria Park. Dated at Perth, 5th November, 1907.—W. 941/1907.

ARCHIBALD J. STEWART, thin build, erect carriage, age 34 years, height 5 feet 6 or 7 inches, short dark hair parted in the middle, thin brown moustache, very thick dark eyebrows, long visage, fair complexion; generally dresses in dark clothes, and straw or soft felt hat; a carpenter and a native of Victoria; disobeying an order of the Court to pay the sum of £2 per week for the maintenance of his wife and child, and is now in arrear the sum of £61. Dated at Kalgoorlie, 30th October, 1907.—W. 927/1907.

PERCIVAL THOMAS BOYLE (for description *vide Police Gazette* 1905, page 178), disobeying the order of the Court to pay the sum of £1 per week for the maintenance of his children and is now in arrear the sum of £33. Dated at Guildford, 8th October, 1907.—W. 928/1907.

JOHN THOMAS McMANN, slight build, age about 35 years, height about 5 feet 8 inches, light brown hair, thin fair moustache, blue eyes, low forehead, round chin, long visage, sunburnt complexion; a labourer, dressed in a dirty brown suit, and brown soft felt hat; addicted to drink; neglecting to maintain his 4 children at Kalgoorlie, on the 2nd of October. Dated at Kalgoorlie, 30th October, 1907.—W. 930/1907.

H. L. QUARTLY, age 34 years, height 5 feet 5 inches, fair hair, clean shaven, fair complexion; a book-keeper; dressed in a dark tweed suit; slight scar under one eye; stealing the sum of £160, the property of Millar's Karri and Jarrah Co., Limited, at Yarloop, between 21st November, 1906, and the 15th October, 1907. Dated at Perth, 2nd November, 1907.—W. 926/1907.

E. A. GRIFFITHS, stout build, age about 45 years, height about 5 feet 6 inches, fair hair and moustache, round visage, fair complexion; well dressed; a mining attorney and a native of Victoria; warrant of commitment to Geraldton gaol for one month imprisonment in default of payment of the sum of £38 9s. 5d., being amount due to E. A. Houston for wages. Dated at Yalgoo, 31st October, 1907. W. 931/1907.

J. H. ROBERTSON, rather stout build, age about 38 years, height 5 feet 10 or 11 inches, fair hair, bald on top, clean shaven, blue eyes, fresh complexion; dressed in a grey suit and grey Woodrow hat; good billiard and piano player; obtaining the sum of £3 9s. 6d. from Thomas Gorman by means of a certain false pretence at Fremantle on the 26th ult. Dated at Fremantle, 1st November, 1907.—W. 932/1907.

MARY JAMES, stout build, age 45 years, height 5 feet 3 or 4 inches, dark hair and eyes, long visage, sallow complexion; dressed in a black blouse and skirt and straw hat; a domestic and a native of Ireland; left Coolgardie on the 3rd inst. with the stated intention of going to Perth; warrant of commitment to Coolgardie gaol for 7 days h.l. in default of payment of the sum of £1, being fine inflicted for drunkenness at Coolgardie on the 2nd inst. Dated at Coolgardie, 4th November, 1907.—W. 933/1907.

SPECIAL INQUIRY.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 295, B2/10868.
THOMAS CARR has been found dead in the bush near Kunanalling.

MISSING FRIENDS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 311, B2/11061.
HANS EMIL JOHANSEN has been found at Cue, Murchison district.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 273, B2/10854.
PATRICK JOSEPH DALY has been found at Perth.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 267, B2/10836.
HARRY GRONINON SMITH has been found at Cue.

PAUL DIETZMANN, aged 46 years; a baker, and a native of Goessnitz, Germany; last heard of at Melbourne, Victoria, in 1895, and since believed to have come to this State. Inquiry by the Imperial German Consul, Fremantle. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11077.

JOHN WILLIAMS, thin build, age about 21 years, height about 5ft. 10in., dark hair; a native of England; was at one time working for Watson, butcher, Fremantle, and left there in September, 1905, for Geraldton, where he was employed by a man named Cheeseborough, afterwards going to the Nor'-West, and may be probably found working on a station. Inquiry by James Heslop, 2 Grand Terrace, Norton, Stockton-on-Tees, England. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11086.

WILLIAM JAMES FOX, stout build, age 56 years, height 5ft. 10in. or 11in., dark hair turning grey, generally clean shaven, dark eyes, round visage, dark complexion; a blacksmith, and a native of South Australia; dressed in a dark suit and soft light felt hat; last heard of at Subiaco a few months back, when he was employed by Whittaker Bros. Inquiry by his wife, Charlotte Fox, 4 Alvan Street, Subiaco. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11060.

MICHAEL O'FLAHERTY *alias* FLAHERTY, medium build, age 32 years, height 5ft. 5in., dark brown hair, large dark brown moustache, and beard, grey eyes, aquiline nose, round visage, dark complexion, freckled face; a barman, and a native of Ireland; dressed in dark clothes; believed to have been working on a mill at Wokalup. Inquiry by the Railway Department, Northam. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11063.

DONALD MATHESON, age about 25 years, reddish hair and complexion; a drover; last heard of at Day Dawn about January; well known in the North-West. Inquiry by his mother. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11105.

ARNOLD BYFIELD, stout build, age 29 years, looks older, height 6 feet, straight hair, large blue eyes, long visage, ruddy complexion; a labourer and a native of this State; dirty appearance; last heard of at Northam early in October, and may be about Yerk. Inquiry by Rose Brandon, Clackline. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11106.

KARL FRIEDERICH HEINRICH LEIPZIGER, age 71 years, a miner; JOHANNA LOUISE FRIEDERIKE LEIPZIGER, *nee* GROSSE; ANNA LOUISE MARIE LEIPZIGER, age 46 years; ANNA SOPHIE FRIEDERIKE LEIPZIGER, age 44 years; and FRITZ GEORG LEIPZIGER, age 39 years; natives of Germany, who emigrated to Tasmania in 1870 in the ship "Victoria," and are at present believed to be in one of the Australian States. Inquiry by the Imperial German Consul, Fremantle. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11104.

PROPERTY LOST.

Perth.—On the 31st ult., a lady's gold open-face stem-winding watch, flowers engraved on case, No.

150074, gold dial, black hands, contained in a brown leather wristlet; the property of MAY PELL.—303/1907. On the 26th ult., a polished jam-wood walking stick with gold band inscribed "Charles Gibbs Jenkins" and a date; the property of JOSEPH M. C. JENKINS.—P.L. 306/1907. On the 27th ult., a gold round shaped brooch with raised dove and filigree work in centre; the property of SARAH PARKER.—P.L. 309/1907.

Wagin.—On the 27th ult., a gentleman's silver hunting key-winding Rotherham watch, No. 29838, "D.C." engraved on the outside of case, steel hands, sunk seconds; and a silver small curb chain with 2 watch keys attached; the property of DAVID CUMMINGS.—P.L. 307/1907.

PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

Condition.	Reg. No. or late Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Sentence.	Where Committed.	Date of Discharge.	Date of Group Photo.
<i>From Fremantle Prison during the week ending 2nd November, 1907.</i>							
Female	F 430	Jones, Elizabeth ...	Stealing from the person	4 months h.l. ...	Fremantle	28th Oct. ...	...
Free ...	7553	Walsh, James ...	Unlawful possession ...	£5 2s. or 21 days h.l.	Perth ...	28th do ...	...
Female	F295	Johnson, Elizabeth	Vagrancy ...	3 months h.l. ...	Fremantle	29th do ...	...
Free ...	5621	Collins, Thos M. ...	Unlawful possession ...	14 days h.l. ...	Perth ...	30th do ...	June, 1906
Do	6623	Quattert, Frank ...	do ...	14 days h.l. ...	do ...	30th do ...	Dec. 1905
Do	7530	Meani Mahomet Amein	Perjury (sentence remitted)	6 months h.l. ...	Sup. Court	31st do ...	...
Do	5501	Lane, John ...	Stealing; giving false name; unlawful possession	3 months h.l.; 1 month h.l.; 3 months h.l. (cum.)	Northam	1st Nov. ...	June, 1905
Do	6130	Snowden, Henry ...	Unlawful possession (sentence remitted)	3 months h.l. ...	Perth ...	1st do ...	June, 1905
Do	6639	Cavanagh, Thos. ...	Entering a dwelling with intent	3 years h.l. ...	Kalgoorlie Cirt. Court	1st do ...	Nov., 1907
Do	7029	Bently, Jas. Thos.	Bigamy ...	4 months h.l. ...	Sup. Court	1st do ...	July, 1906
Do	2510	Robertson, Wm., <i>alias</i> Boxer	Attempting to steal from person	6 months h.l. ...	Perth ...	2nd do ...	May, 1899
Do	5739	Parker, Geo. ...	Unlawfully on premises	4 months h.l. ...	do ...	2nd do ...	Mar., 1905
Do	5764	Hansen, Sydney ...	do ...	4 months h.l. ...	do ...	2nd do ...	Oct., 1903
Do	7425	Hughes, Alfd. <i>alias</i> Blain	Stealing ...	6 months h.l. ...	do ...	2nd do ...	...
<i>From Cue Gaol for the fortnight ending 19th October, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	...	Williamson, John Forsyth	Receiving ...	14 days h.l. ...	Cue ...	11th Oct. ...	...
Do.	...	Lancefield, Angus	Unlawfully using horse	3 months h.l. ...	Nungarra	15th do ...	...

ESCAPED PRISONERS.

For list of names, etc., *vide* page 138.



Police Gazette,

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

[Published by Authority.]

This Gazette is published for Police information only, and the Police throughout the State are instructed to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the contents.

FRED. HARE, *Commissioner of Police.*

No. 46.]

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13.

[1907.

CIRCULAR ORDERS AND MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION.

C.O. 34/1907.—Notified, for general information, that the following appointment, promotions, and resignations have taken effect in the Police Force:—

Appointment—

To be Probation Constable from the 16th October, 1907: Robert Thompson.

Promotions—

To be Second Class Constables from dates specified:

Frederick Alex. Pike, No. 910, from 1st October, 1907.

William Innes, No. 911, from 1st November, 1907.

Resignations—

Second Class Constable James Campbell Thompson, No. 586, on 10th September, 1907.

Second Class Constable William Overend, No. 798, on 31st October, 1907.

FRED. HARE,
Commissioner of Police.

7th November, 1907.

STEALING IN DWELLINGS, FROM THE PERSON, Etc.

Perth.—During the night of the 6th inst. from owner's person while under the influence of drink,—a gentleman's nickel silver open face stem-winding Swiss watch, No. 502451, $\frac{3}{4}$ -plate, white dial, gold hands, sunk seconds; a 15ct. gold curb double chain, with bar in centre, one link near the end dented; an 18ct. gold shield-shaped locket with amethyst set in centre, and lock of dark hair inside; a 9ct. gold hexagon-shaped locket set with 3 pieces of light and 3 pieces of dark quartz alternately, containing 2 photos. of ladies inside; a white Panama hat, size $6\frac{7}{8}$, with "D.B." punched on the inside band; and £4 15s. in gold and silver; the property of DAVID BUCKLEY.—A4/8707, 7th November, 1907.

Mandaring.—On the 25th ult. from outside the Public Hall,—a gentleman's nickel silver hunting stem-winding watch; a silver curb single chain; and a light tweed waistcoat; the property of JOHN JORDAN.—A4/8691, 5th November, 1907.

Boulder.—On the 3rd inst., from owner's person, while under the influence of liquor,—a gentleman's 18ct. gold hunting stem-winding watch, No. 43004, maker, Dent, London, white dial, sunk seconds, gold hands, nearly new; the property of JAMES ROBERTSON.—A4/8702, 6th November, 1907.

Newcastle.—On the 7th inst., from the bar of owner's wine saloon,—a gentleman's gun metal open-face watch, the back screws off; and a leather watch guard; the property of ISAAC JOHN DOUST.—A4/8716, 9th November, 1907.

Kalgoorlie.—During the last three months from the owner's shop, 337 Hannan St.,—a gentleman's silver hunting stem-winding Waltham watch, No. 7784299; the property of JOHN MAVER.—A4/8738, 12th November, 1907.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 309, A4/8513.

Perth.—The lady's bicycle described in the above reference, the property of WINNIE COCHRANE, has been recovered.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 304, A4/8442.

Kalgoorlie.—The number of the bicycle described in the above reference, the property of EDWARD CHARLES FISK, is 344398.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 184, A4/6739.

Perth.—The bicycle described in the above reference, the property of JOHN J. NOLAN, has been recovered by Det. J. L. Dempsey in the possession of FRANK FIELD (bound over for 2 months).

Perth.—On the 9th inst. from the owner's person,—a cheque (open) on the W.A. Bank, Perth, No. A 34000, pay No. 75, Cash, £6, drawn by S. Jenkins;

also about £40 in gold and notes; the property of ELIJAH ROBINS.—A4/8729, 10th November, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 9th and 12th inst. from the owner's dwelling, 232 Lord Street,—a square brown leather kit bag, with "A. Matheson" in gold letters on outside; a gold scarf pin with bee-shaped opal top; 2 opal and 1 diamond shirt studs; a pair of gold shield and dumbbell sleeve links, "A.M." engraved on shields; a Savings Bank book in owner's name, showing credit of about £29; a cash box containing 9 sovereigns and 12s. in silver; a lady's gold ring set with 3 rubies and 4 diamonds; a gold wedding ring, much worn; a gold thistle pendant set with a blue-stone, and having scroll work on each side; and 14 tubes of chloride of gold; the property of ALEXANDER MATHESON.—A4/8739, 12th November, 1907.

Kalgoorlie.—On the 2nd inst. from outside the Mechanics' Institute, Hannan Street,—a gentleman's Armstrong bicycle, B.S.A. parts, number believed to be 2020, Edie free wheel, enamelled black, bent handles, leather grips, rat-trap pedals, toe clip on left one, Westwood rims, Persian tires, Brooks' saddle; the property of NORBERT EDWARD MORAN.—A4/8701, 6th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 8th inst., from outside owner's residence, 520 Murray Street,—a gentleman's Armstrong Imperial Rover bicycle, enamelled black, No. F. 1619, adjustable handles without grips, one pedal damaged; the property of FREDERICK STYLES.—A4/8715, 8th November, 1907.

Guildford.—On the 4th or 5th inst., from Woodbridge Railway Station,—50 feet of $\frac{3}{4}$ inch wire-bound rubber garden hose, with nozzle one end and coupling the other end; the property of the Railway Department.—A4/8699, 6th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 28th ult., from owner's shop, 6 Edward Street,—a shark-mouth spanner with teeth on one side only, top tooth broken, and a bell-mouth auger; the property of GEORGE SMITH.—A4/8705, 6th November, 1907.

BURGLARY, HOUSEBREAKING, Etc.

Perth.—Stolen during the night of the 9th inst. from the owner's shop, 78 Barraek Street, entrance being effected by breaking a side window,—two gentleman's Panama hats, stamped on leather band inside, "Manufactured expressly for Parker, Jones, and Co.", also a fawn-coloured Stetson felt hat, all marked with private mark inside the leather band, and a number of ties; the property of "THE STRAND HAT CO."—A4/8731, 10th November, 1907.

HORSES, CATTLE, Etc.

Ravensthorpe.—Stolen or strayed about the middle of last July,—a bay gelding, 3 years old, 15.3 hands high, branded A-4 on near shoulder, white star on forehead, black points; and a bay gelding, aged, 16 hands high, branded 7WS on near shoulder, S on near cheek, black points; the property of FREDERICK GRAY CHESTER.—A4/8692, 8th November, 1907.

Narrogin.—Stolen or strayed on the 13th or 14th ult. from a paddock on the Williams Road,—a blue

roan draught gelding, 4 years old, about 14 hands high, branded OK under half circle on near shoulder, knees have been broken; the property of JOHN WILLIAMS.—A4/8657, 2nd November, 1907.

Northam.—Sold at Burlong, near Northam, on the 5th inst., by order of H. P. Colebatch and J. Byfield, Js.P., an unbranded white yearling bull, with piece out of right ear.

Gingin.—Sold at Muchea, on the 6th inst., by order of J. E. Wedge, J.P., an unbranded roan gelding, aged, 14.2 hands high, scar on off ribs.

Claremont.—Stolen or strayed during the last 3 weeks from a paddock in 1st Avenue,—a bay mare, branded U (upside down) on near shoulder, small white spot on forehead; and a bright bay or chestnut yearling filly, branded TD on near shoulder, white feet, legs, and face; the property of THOMAS SMITH.—A4/8704, 6th November, 1907.

Cue.—Strayed about 3 weeks ago from Hamelin Pool, and may make for the Murchison District,—a heavy bull camel; a light cow camel with white patch on hump; and a bull calf camel about 20 months old, all branded T over broad arrow on near thigh; the property of the POSTAL DEPARTMENT.—P.L. 314/1907.

Northam.—About the 26th ult., at Cunderdin,—a medium draught gelding, branded D X near shoulder, and X-2 on near ribs; the property of VOKES DUDGEON.—A4/8726, 9th November, 1907.

APPREHENSIONS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 307, W. 884/1907.

ABRAHAM MAHOMET, at Port Hedland, on the 21st ult., by Cox. G. W. Fry and P.C. R. G. Skeet. Discharged. General warrant issued.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 318.

JOHN GERAGHTY *alias* BROWN, at Carnarvon, on the 24th ult., by P.C. L. Buck. 6 months h.l. (cumulative).

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 277, W. 782/1907.

WILLIAM DAVIS *alias* DAVIES, at Marble Bar, on the 25th ult., by P.C. C. F. Gray. Remanded.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 321, W. 941/1907.

JOHN TAYLOR, at Perth, on the 9th inst., by P.C. P. O'Donoghue, charged by P.C. J. J. Jones. Discharged. Information withdrawn.

WILLIAM ANGUS and JAMES McMAHON, at Perth, on the 29th ult., by Det. J. L. Dempsey; stealing from the person and receiving. Brought up on the 5th inst., charged by Det. S. Condon. Angus 2 months h.l., McMahon 14 days h.l. respectively.

ALBERT GRIFFIN, at Derby, on the 18th ult., by P.C. B. H. Fletcher; stealing (2 charges). 1 month h.l. (concurrent) on each charge.

CHARLES GRAHAM, at Roebourne, on the 19th ult., by P.C. M. O'Brien, on warrant; attempted carnal knowledge of a girl under age. Committed for trial. Admitted to bail.

MARKEP BIN SAHIB, at Broome, on the 19th ult., by P.C. P. H. Nelson; stealing. Charged by Corpl. J. Stewart. Committed for sentence.

TEOFILO STORRIES, at Broome, on the 24th ult., by Corpl. J. Stewart and J. T. Johnston, on warrant; receiving. Committed for trial. Admitted to bail.

FRANK BAKER, at Perth, on the 1st inst., by Det. S. Condon and P.C. A. Young, on warrant; perjury. Committed for trial 8th inst. Admitted to bail.

MICHAEL ILES, at Perth, on the 31st ult., by Det. S. Condon; stealing. 4 months h.l. Property recovered.

WILLIAM SPOID, at Perth, on the 5th inst., by Det. C. H. Pearce and P.C. T. Hickey; unlawful possession. Fined £3 and costs or 2 months h.l.

ESTHER MURIEL WARDEN, at Fremantle, on the 2nd inst., by P.C. A. H. Pitman; idle and disorderly. 3 months h.l.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND and WALTER LEWIS *alias* LAFFERTY, at Fremantle, on the 27th ult., by P.Cs. J. Leavy and D. A. Allison; stealing. 3 months h.l. each.

HENRY ROSS *alias* OLSEN, at Fremantle, on the 28th ult., by Det. L. O'Brien and P.C. B. McConnell, on warrant; stealing. 3 months h.l.

DAISY HYLAND, at Perth, on the 4th inst., by P.Cs. P. O'Donoghue and V. Houston, on warrant; idle and disorderly. Brought up at Fremantle on the 8th inst., charged by P.C. A. H. Pitman. 3 months h.l.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 311, Ws. 909/1907, 910/1907

HENRY DICKENSON and JAMES SMITH not to be arrested. Warrants cancelled 6th inst.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 322, W. 933/1907.

MARY JAMES not to be arrested. Fine paid.

Vide Police Gazette, page 145, W. 347/1907.

MICHAEL CHIPPER not to be arrested. Fine paid.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 311, W. 906/1907.

WILLIAM LAIRD not to be arrested. Fine paid.

JAMES EGAN, medium build, age 30 years, height 6ft. 1in., brown hair, small black moustache, thin dark eyebrows, high forehead, dark brown eyes, large pointed nose, long visage, sallow complexion; a labourer and a native of England; anchor tattooed on the inside of left forearm; star and scar on the outside of left forearm; horse-shoe and ink mark on the left arm; scar at back of head; warrant of commitment to Perth gaol for 48 hours h.l. in default of payment of the sum of 12s., being fine and costs for disorderly conduct at Perth on the 21st May. Dated at Perth, 5th June, 1907.—W. 958/1907.

ABRAHAM MAHOMET (for description *vide* page 307) being indebted to Sherlaw and White in the sum of £50. To be arrested and put ashore as often as he may be found on any boat about to proceed to sea. Dated at Port Hedland, 21st October, 1907.—W. 957/1907.

W. LEWIS *alias* ROBERT BURTON, medium build, age 35 years, height 5ft. 5in., brown hair and moustache, thick brown eyebrows, high straight forehead, grey eyes, small nose, round visage, dark complexion; old scar under left eye; smart appearance; addicted to drink; dressed in a dark coat and waistcoat, light grey trousers, white soft shirt, and straw hat; a labourer; stealing a pair of steps (recovered) valued at £1 5s., the property of Brooks and Bower, at Perth, on the 4th November, 1907. Dated at Perth, 12th November, 1907.—W. 960/1907.

ABORIGINAL NATIVES (names unknown, no description given) wilful murder of Stephen A. Grace, about 200 miles from Wiluna, during the month of August. Dated at Wiluna, 3rd November, 1907.—W. 952/1907.

ABORIGINAL NATIVES (names unknown, no description given), attempting to kill William Phillips, about 200 miles from Wiluna during the month of August. Dated at Wiluna, 3rd November, 1907.—W. 953/1907.

DAVID TUART, medium build, age 36 years, height 5ft. 7in., brown hair and moustache, waxed at ends, grey eyes, round visage, dark complexion; a labourer and a native of Victoria; dressed in a grey tweed sac suit, grey felt hat with high crown, and pointed-toed boots; addicted to drink; warrant of commitment to Kalgoorlie gaol for 2 weeks h.l. in default of payment of the sum of £3 12s., being fine and costs for using obscene language at Boulder on the 17th ult. Dated at Boulder, 1st November, 1907.—W. 954/1907.

MARY TRIPP, stout build, age 34 years, height 5ft. 4in., dark brown hair, grey eyes, round visage, dark complexion; one finger disfigured, the result of a whitlow; a tailoress and a native of Ballarat, Victoria; wearing a dark dress, grey jacket and white straw hat; may be accompanied by her three children, aged 3, 5, and 9 years; stealing the lease of lot 755, Dart Street, Boulder, and 3 testimonials, the property of Benjamin Tripp, at Boulder on the 11th ult. Dated at Boulder, 6th November, 1907.—W. 955/1907.

GEORGE JONES, thin build, age 45 years, height 5 feet 4 inches, thick grey hair, grey eyebrows, thick lips, discoloured teeth, protruding ears, round face, reddish moustache, florid complexion; speaks very quickly, is impulsive and fond of drink; wears dark blue coat, grey tweed trousers and tweed cap; untidy appearance; a canvasser for tailoring; obtaining 22s. 6d. from Sarah Rhodes by a fraudulent trick at Clackline on the 20th September last. Warrant dated at Perth, 8th November, 1907.—W. 959/1907.

SPECIAL INQUIRY.

Special inquiry is requested by the Perth Police for the whereabouts of WILLIAM REARDON for the purpose of executing two distress warrants for the recovery of the sums of 12s. and £1 8s., being fines inflicted for abusive language and breach of the Railway by-laws. Description:—Stout build, age 27 years, height 5ft. 5in., dark brown hair, small dark moustache, brown eyes, rather large nose, round visage, fresh complexion; a labourer and a native of Victoria; believed to be in the Murchison district. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—A4/8717.

MISSING FRIENDS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 322, B2/11106.

ARNOLD BYFIELD has returned home.

ALBERT EDWARD BINKS *alias* BINGS (no description given), last heard of at Victoria Park in April, 1904, when he stated he intended going to Day Dawn. Inquiry by his wife, Annie Binks, Percy House, 57 Sydney Road, Parkville, Victoria. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11115.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, age 29 years, height 5ft. 10in., black hair, brown eyes; has a lump on the right side of nose; went to South Africa with one of the Australian contingents; last heard of at Cue in June this year, when it is believed he went to Condon in the Nor'-West in search of employment. Inquiry by J. B. Holman, M.L.A., 3 Green's Chambers, Perth. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11130.

HARRY LATOUR LONG, age 43 years, tall, fair hair, bald on forehead; teeth discoloured; a grocer at one time carrying on business at the corner of Shearer and Broome Streets, Highgate Hill; believed to have left for the Goldfields about February or March last. Inquiry by his wife, Ruth Long, Alma, Maryville, Street, St. Kilda, Victoria. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11003.

JAMES MINIHAN *alias* CASEY, stout build, height about 5ft. 7in., dark complexion; left South Australia about 10 years ago and when last heard of was working on a timber mill in this State. Inquiry by M. Minihan, Port Road, Woodville, South Australia. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11112.

PATRICK ADAMS, medium build, erect carriage, age about 50 years, height 5ft. 8in., thick dark hair turning grey, thick dark eyebrows and moustache, round visage, dark complexion; small scar on lower part of cheek; large wart on one finger; may wear an elastic band on one arm which has been injured; speaks loudly and addicted to drink; a teamster employed by Beart & Timms, Menzies, in 1901. Inquiry by his wife, Mrs. P. Adams, Post Office, Jumbunna, Gippsland, Victoria. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11110.

WILLIAM HENRY HAYDEN, height about 6ft. 2in., stoops, round shouldered, fair complexion; a market gardener; and his wife Mrs. HAYDEN, height about 5ft. 5in., very dark brown hair, dark brown eyes, dark complexion; who left Adelaide about the middle of 1904 for this State. Inquiry by James Walding, Post Office, Caloote, River Murray, South Australia. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11117.

PROPERTY LOST.

Claremont.—On the 2nd inst.,—a lady's silver hunting key-winding watch, with "La Fidele" printed on white dial, under the figure XII., steel hands; the property of ELIZABETH CATHRO. — P.L. 316/1907.

Perth.—On the 3rd inst.,—a gold brooch set with 7 pearls, and small gold bar across each end; the property of FLORENCE McNAMARA.—P.L. 310/1907. On the 4th inst.,—a lady's 18ct. gold ring with 2 diamonds and 3 pearls in claw setting; the property of WALTER BODYCOAT.—P.L. 311/1907. On the 6th inst.,—a gentleman's gold open face stem-winding French made watch, with "Anere Rubles" engraved on dome, black hands, case cracked; the property of EMILY BETTS.—P.L. 313/1907.

Fremantle.—On the 7th inst.,—a gentleman's silver hunting key-winding American Waltham watch, No. A B 692, "American Waltham Watch Co." on white dial, steel hands; a silver cable double chain, with bar and drop; a silver horse-shoe pendant; and a gold-plated sovereign case, with 3 stars, a half-moon, and "A.L.D. 130" engraved on the inside; the property of GUS WILLIAMS.—P.L. 315/1907.

Perth.—On the 11th inst.,—a 15ct. gold double bar brooch, with a diamond-shaped piece of gold set with a ruby mounted on it; the property of Mrs. A. H. TILLOTSON.—P.L. 318/1907.

Fremantle.—On the 10th inst.,—a very heavy 15ct. gold curb bangle, with gold padlock attached; the property of SARAH E. FITZGERALD.—P.L. 321/1907.

Geraldton.—On the 27th ult.,—a 15ct. gold muff chain, very small links, has been broken and tied with cotton; the property of Mrs. F. W. DUNK.—P.L. 320/1907.

Return of Prisoners tried at Bunbury Quarter Sessions, commencing 16th October, 1907.

Con- dition.	Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Town or District.	Police Gazette reference.	Verdict.	How disposed of.
Free	Ah Wong <i>alias</i> Ah Wah ...	Indecently dealing with girl under age	Bunbury ...	1907, Page 251	Guilty ...	9 months h.l.
Do.	Johnson, Charles ...	Attempted suicide ...	Donnybrook ...	Page 294	do. ...	Bound over for 6 months.
Do.	Mellor, John ...	Sheep stealing ...	do. ...	Page 294	...	Adjourned to January, 1908, Sessions.
Do.	do ...	Receiving ...	do. ...	Page 294	Not guilty	

PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

Condition.	Reg. No. or late Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Sentence.	Where Committed.	Date of Discharge.	Date of Group Photo.
<i>From Fremantle Prison during the week ending 9th November, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	6036	Piazzola, Guisepe	Manslaughter	5 years h.l.	Kalgoorlie Cirt. Court	4th Nov. ...	Nov., 1907
Female	F 47	Thompson, Mary V. E.	Loitering for prostitu- tion; vagrancy	1 month h.l.; 3 months h.l. (cum.)	Fremantle	5th do ...	...
Free ...	3491	Domboski, Rud. ...	Vagrancy... ..	3 months h.l. ...	Perth ...	7th do ...	Sept., 1899
Female	F 173	Cresswell, Emily <i>alias</i> McKone	do	2 months h.l. ...	do ...	8th do ...	Dec., 1904
Free ...	2469	Smith, James ...	do	6 months h.l. ...	Kalgoorlie	9th do ...	Nov., 1899
Do	5937	Dixon, Wm. <i>alias</i> Williams	do	6 months h.l. ...	do ...	9th do ...	Nov., 1903
Do	7210	Franks, Francis <i>alias</i> Beggs	Stealing (3 charges); forgery	3 months h.l.; 3 months h.l. (cum.); 4 months h.l.; 15 months h.l. (conc.)	Fremantle; Sup. Court	9th do ...	Nov., 1907
Do	7450	Willia, <i>alias</i> Charles (ab. nat.)	Entering a dwelling and stealing; stealing	2 months h.l.; 2 months h.l. (cum.)	Menzies ...	9th do ...	...
Do	7534	Hamilton, Wm. Daniel	Stealing as a servant ...	2 months h.l. ...	Perth ...	9th do ...	...

ESCAPED PRISONERS.

For list of names, etc., *vide* page 138.



Police Gazette,

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

[Published by Authority.]

This Gazette is published for Police information only, and the Police throughout the State are instructed to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the contents.

FRED. HARE, Commissioner of Police.

No. 47.]

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20.

[1907.]

CIRCULAR ORDERS AND MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION.

C.O. 35/1907.—The following decision of the Full Court as to the construction to be placed on Section 69 of "Police Act, 1892," is published for general information.

C.O. 22/1901 is hereby cancelled.

FRED. HARE,
Commissioner of Police.

14th November, 1907.

KAVANAGH (COMPLAINANT), APPELLANT.
CLAUDIUS (DEFENDANT), RESPONDENT.

Criminal law—Possession of goods suspected of being stolen—Police Act, 1892 (55 Vic., No. 27), Sections 69, 70—Full Court—Appeal—Case involving consideration of former decision—Practice.

In any case involving the consideration of a former decision of the Full Court, the Court will act upon the principle that it is entitled to follow or not such decision as it may deem fit, where such decision is that of a Court composed of a lesser number of Judges than the full membership of the Court.

By Section 69 of the Police Act, 1892 (55 Vic., No. 27), it is provided that "every person who shall be brought before any Justice, charged with having on his person, or in any place, or conveying in any manner anything which may be reasonably suspected of being stolen or unlawfully obtained, and who shall not give an account to the satisfaction of such Justice how he came by the same, shall be liable to a penalty of not more than ten pounds, or in the discretion of the Justice may be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding six calendar months."

A complaint was preferred by K., a detective officer, against C. of having had in a place, to wit, premises situated in Hannan Street, Kalgoorlie, a number of railway tickets which might be reasonably suspected of being unlawfully obtained. On the hearing of the complaint before the Resident Magistrate, Kalgoorlie, the Magistrate found as a fact that the railway tickets were found in the shop kept by the accused, during the execution of a search warrant obtained under Section 70 of "The Police Act, 1892," and that the facts adduced by the prosecution were sufficient to warrant the accused being called upon to account for the possession of the tickets; but he dismissed the complaint on the ground that he was bound both by the decision in *R. v. Hahn* (3 W.A.L.R., 78), which placed a construction upon the

section limiting its application to actual manual or personal possession, and also by the decision in *R. v. Deeble* (5 W.A.L.R., 56).

Held that the words "in any place" in Section 69, which are not found in the corresponding section of the English statute (2 and 3 Vic., c 71, Section 24), require a construction of the section extending beyond that to which the corresponding section was limited as the case of *Hadley v. Perks* (35 L.J.M.C., 177), and so as to embrace cases of other than personal possession or possession *ejusdem generis* with that involved in "conveying."

Held, further, that the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, under Section 69, was not ousted by the fact that the goods in question had been found in the course of the execution of a search warrant under Section 70.

R. v. Hahn and *R. v. Deeble* not followed.

Appeal by way of case stated from the decision of the Resident Magistrate, Kalgoorlie.

Barker (Crown Solicitor) for the appellant. The supposed effect of the decisions in *R. v. Hahn* and *R. v. Deeble* is that Section 69 only applies to cases where persons are found in the act of moving or conveying goods, and these decisions are supposed to follow the English case of *Hadley v. Perks*, where such a construction was put upon the corresponding section in the Metropolitan Police Act. I contend that it is apparent, from the difference in the language of Section 69 of the Police Act, and the section in the English Act, that the draftsman who was responsible for Section 69 of the Police Act had in view the decision in *Hadley v. Perks*, and that he sought to make Section 69 applicable to the class of cases which the Judges in that case had decided were outside the purview of the Metropolitan Police Act. This was the object of the interpolation of the words "on his person" in Section 69, and the deletion of the words "in his possession" which appear in the English section. The English section was applicable only to a man in the act of moving goods, but such a limitation on the words of Section 69 would outrage the language which has been used. Section 49 of the Police Act gives no indication of the meaning of Section 69. To hold that the expressions "on his person" and "in any place" are to be limited by the expression "conveying in any manner" would be to violate the rules of construction. The decisions of *R. v. Hahn* and *R. v. Deeble* were two Judges' decisions. The Court is not bound to follow its own ruling if it is satisfied that a mistake has been made.

[BURNSIDE, J. I think the ruling we should follow is that laid down in *Kelly & Co. v. Kellond* (20 Q.B.D. 569.)

Another case on the point is *Lynch v. Sharp* (4 W.A.L.R., 10), but throughout all those cases the only direct decision on this section is that contained in *R. v. Hahn*.

Harney, for the respondent. The case is governed by *R. v. Hahn* and *R. v. Deeble*. In framing Section 69 there was no intention to get outside of the ruling in *Hadley v. Perks*. Under Section 70 a search warrant, having been issued in respect of certain goods mentioned in the search warrant, but not in respect of these tickets, which were found incidentally, the defendant could not be proceeded against on those tickets under Section 69.

PARKER, C. J. This is a case stated by the Resident Magistrate at Kalgoorlie, and the case states that at the Court held by him at Kalgoorlie, Dennis Kavanagh, the appellant, complained against Herbert G. Claudius, the respondent, for that he, the said Claudius, on the 14th July, 1906, at Kalgoorlie aforesaid, had in a place, to wit, premises situated in Hannan Street, Kalgoorlie, No. 315, a number of railway tickets which might be reasonably suspected of being unlawfully obtained; which complaint was heard before the Magistrate on the 21st July, 1906, when he found as follows:—"The evidence makes it clear that the railway tickets, the subject of this prosecution, were found in the shop kept by the accused during the execution of a search warrant, obtained under Section 70 of 'The Police Act, 1892.' The tickets were seized by virtue of that warrant, and subsequently a complaint was made by virtue of Section 69 of the Police Act, charging Claudius with the possession of these tickets as set out in the complaint." The facts of the case are similar to the facts of the case in *R. v. Hahn*. In that case it was laid down by the Full Court that the words in Section 69 of the Police Act "on his person" or "in any place" meant nothing more than "having in his possession." Following the rule in the English case, *Hadley v. Perks*, the Full Court held that the Magistrates had exceeded their jurisdiction in giving a conviction, the contention upheld being that "having in his possession" must be read *ejusdem generis* with "conveying." The Magistrate says that the Full Court having laid down in *R. v. Deeble* that Magistrates have no power to convict for this complaint, under Section 69 of the Police Act, he felt bound to follow those rulings, and was of opinion, therefore, that the accused could not be convicted under Section 69, and that he should be dismissed. Then he sets out more fully the facts found and the points taken on behalf of the appellant and the respondent, and continues, "I was of opinion, in dismissing the complaint, that the facts adduced by the prosecution were sufficient to account for the possession of the said tickets, but I was bound by the decisions in *R. v. Hahn*, and *R. v. Deeble*." I understand from Mr. Harney's argument before us to-day that he raises two points, firstly that it was in consequence of a warrant, issued under Section 70 of the Police Act, that the police discovered the tickets in question, and that, having discovered the tickets in question under Section 70, it is impossible for them to prosecute under Section 69; indeed, that it is illegal for them to do so. On reading Section 69, I cannot see how the fact that the article, which is found either "on the person," or "in any place," or "being conveyed," is found in consequence of some other warrant, in any way limits the jurisdiction of the Magistrates in convicting under Section 69. Mr. Harney's contention is in effect this, that if the police, whilst executing a warrant, found upon a man's premises or upon his person—so I take the argument to be—anything else reasonably suspected of being stolen or unlawfully obtained, they cannot proceed against him under Section 69. In my view that contention cannot be upheld. The second point taken by Mr. Harney is that this Court is bound by the decisions of *Hadley v. Perks*, *R. v. Hahn*, and *R. v. Deeble*. I think we may well apply to the proceedings of the Full Court of Western Australia the dictum laid down by Lord Esher in *Kelly & Co. v. Kellond*, which has already been referred to by Mr. Justice Burnside, "This Court is one composed of six members, and if at any time a decision of a lesser number is called in question, and a difficulty arises about the accuracy of it, I think this Court is entitled, sitting as a Full Court, to decide whether it will or will not follow the decision arrived at by the smaller number." The Full Court of Western Australia is composed of four members, and in my view the practice we should adopt is that, if at any time a decision of a less number than four is called into question, this Court is entitled, sitting as a Full Court, to decide whether it will or will not follow the decision arrived at by the smaller number. Such being my view, and as the decisions in question, *R. v. Hahn* and *R. v. Deeble*, were decisions of only two members of this Court, I think it

is quite competent for three members of this Court, sitting as a Full Court, to say they will not follow the decisions so arrived at by two members. Consequently, in my view, we may consider the cases of *R. v. Hahn* and *R. v. Deeble*, and see whether they accord with our view of the law. Now, the words of the statute are these, "Every person who shall be brought before any Justice, charged with having on his person, or in any place, or conveying in any manner." The English words are quite different, and I venture to think that when this Act was drafted it was drafted absolutely to meet the case of *Hadley v. Perks*, and that the draftsman must have had in view that decision. When you look at the words it is perfectly clear that under Section 69 a person may be charged, firstly with "having upon his person anything which may be reasonably suspected of being stolen or unlawfully obtained," or having such thing "in any place"—that is deposited in any place—or "conveying." For instance, he might be conveying it in a cart or a carriage, or even in a railway train. Such being the case, I cannot think that this Court has any right to narrow down the words of the section so as to accord with the decision of *Hadley v. Perks*, which was arrived at on quite different words. Section 24 of 2 and 3 Vic. cap. 71 is as follows, "Every person who shall be brought before any (City) Magistrate, charged with having in his possession, or conveying in any manner anything which may be reasonably suspected of being stolen or unlawfully obtained, and shall not give an account to the satisfaction of the Magistrate how he came by the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour." The difference between the words of the two sections will be observed, and Blackburn, J., in *Hadley v. Perks*, dealing with the English section, said "Now taken by themselves alone, the words 'having in his possession' of course include the case of a person having in his possession, at any time, in any manner, or in any place. But here we have them in connection with the words 'or conveying in any manner anything which may be reasonably suspected of being stolen or unlawfully obtained,' and he comes to the conclusion that the words 'having in his possession' must be read *ejusdem generis* with 'conveying.'" That line of argument, however, it appears to me, does not apply to the words of Section 69, which are clear and distinct. Therefore I venture to come to the conclusion that the case of *R. v. Hahn*, which is the only positive decision on this section, was not rightly decided on that point. In my view, therefore, the answer to this question propounded by the Magistrate should be that he was wrong in deciding that the complaint should be dismissed, and that having found that the facts adduced by the prosecution were sufficient to call upon the respondent to account for the possession of the said tickets, he should have proceeded to do so; and that the case must be remitted back to him for that purpose.

McMILLAN, J. I concur. It seems to me that the insertion of the words "in any place," in Section 69 of "The Police Act, 1892," negatives the argument which prevailed in the case of *Hadley v. Perks*, and shows that the words are intended to have the natural meaning referred to by Mr. Justice Blackburn, when he says, "taken by themselves alone the words, 'having in his possession,' of course include the case of a person having in his possession at any time, in any manner, or in any place." The words "having in his possession" can be limited, as they were in *Hadley v. Perks*, to having in his possession, *ejusdem generis* with conveying, but the addition to the words, "in any place," renders this limitation impossible. "Having in any place" is inconsistent, to my mind, with the idea of conveying, and I think, therefore, that the insertion of the words show that the Legislature did not intend the restriction which had been imposed in *Hadley v. Perks* to apply, but wished the language used to bear its natural significance. For this reason I think that the case of *Hadley v. Perks* is of no assistance in considering the construction of Section 69. The only local authority which stands in our way is *R. v. Hahn*, and that case undoubtedly was on the facts, rightly decided. The only way that we differ from the learned Judges in that case is on their expression of opinion as to the construction of this section, and really one can hardly read Mr. Justice Hensman's judgment in that case without seeing that on this point he felt there was a difficulty. In the case of *R. v. Deeble*, the Court, as then constituted, was bound by the decision of *R. v. Hahn*, and it was followed. This is the first opportunity the Court has had of considering what the proper construction is which should be placed upon Section 69. Looking at that section, and the language used, it seems to me that the Magistrate was wrong in acting as he did, that is wrong in law, although as a matter of fact he took the only course which was open to

him, having regard to the state of the decisions of this Court at that time.

BURNSIDE, J. This case has been argued before us on two occasions, and in the case of *R. v. Hahn*, the question we now have to consider was raised in the argument by myself as counsel for the Crown. If there be any satisfaction in the decision we have arrived at to-day, it is that I realise that neither time nor circumstances have been able to change the opinion I held on that occasion, namely, that this statute is not to be construed by the decisions upon an English statute, which is framed in different language. Where the Legislature uses the same words in Acts dealing with the same subject, it is to be presumed that the Legislature intended they should have the same meaning, but one of the earliest rules with regard to the construction of statutes, as pointed out by Mr. Justice Blackburn in *Hadley v. Perks*, when applied to this question shows, to my mind, that the case of *R. v. Hahn*, at any rate, was a variation from the rule. Blackburn, J., says, "The general rule was . . . never to change the words unless you intend to change the meaning," and that rule must also be observed in the construction of statutes. Further than that the general principle in the construction of a statute, with regard to matters of this kind, is so to construe the statute that every word of it may have a reasonable meaning given to it, and especially must the construction be given which conforms mostly with the object, or with what is the apparent intention of the Legislature. Now, the difficulty in the case before us arises in applying the case of *Hadley v. Perks* in its entirety to our statute. If our statute followed in identical words the English statute I should undoubtedly do so; but the English statute is in many ways different from ours. It says nothing about "having on his person," but "having in his possession," and a person may well have in his possession without having "on his person." The Western Australian Act provides for a person charged with "having on his person," or "in any place," or "conveying." In *Hadley v. Perks* it was pointed out that the words "having in his possession or conveying" meant either having or conveying. They were two expressions, as it were, intended to mean the same thing. "The words 'having in his possession' may perhaps have been introduced," says Blackburn, J., "to meet the case of the person who arrested the man when he came to offer the goods for sale or pledge. But 'having and conveying' I think must be limited, making the one co-extensive with the other, and confining it to 'having' *ejusdem generis* with conveying." If one were to attempt to apply such a construction to Section 69 one would make it read altogether unintelligibly, for a person may well have "on his person" without "conveying." He may have goods in any place without either having them on his person, or conveying them, and he may have goods without either having them on his person or in any place. The three terms, consequently, do not appear to me to be at all capable of construction as being *ejusdem generis*. I do not know that it is necessary to enter into a consideration of what the intention of the Legislature may have been, except in those cases where the language is open to doubt. What weighs mostly with me in the conclusion I have come to is the decision of the former learned Chief Justice, for whose decisions I have a great respect, but I feel certain that the late learned Chief Justice was wrong, and was led away by the arguments placed before him in Chambers on a former occasion, to which he refers, and was unable to be persuaded of the error of his ways by any argument which was placed before him afterwards. I think that anyone who has goods "on his person" or "in any place" as provided by the section, may be dealt with under Section 69, regardless of whether he is conveying them or not. In my opinion the case of *R. v. Hahn* may be well supported on the second ground, if it is necessary to support it at all, but I do not think that the decision of the learned Chief Justice of the day was a correct one, upon the law as it stands upon this statute, and it was certainly one which I do not feel I am bound to follow.

Appeal upheld and case remitted to Magistrate for decision.

Solicitor for respondent: *Harney.*

STEALING IN DWELLINGS, FROM THE PERSON, 'Etc.

Perth.—On the 12th inst. from owner's room at the Beatrice Coffee Palace, Murray Street,—a gentleman's silver hunting key-winding English lever watch, white dial, gold hands, second hand missing, front

case won't close; and a silver single chain, with bar, long and round link alternately; the property of WILLIAM MOCKETT.—A4/8776, 12th November, 1907.

Victoria Park.—On the 17th inst. from owner's residence on the Albany Road,—a lady's gold open face stem-winding watch, No. 167057, maker's name (unknown), Annely Road, Upper Norwood, Sydenham, on the inside case; and a lady's gold heavy chain, twisted links; contained in a morocco leather case; the property of SARAH ANN URQUART.—A4/8789, 18th November, 1907.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 154, A4/6412.

Perth.—The brooch and other articles described in the above reference, the property of JAMES C. PORT, have been recovered by Det. S. Condon, and traced to the possession of FRANK FIELD. (Bound over for 2 months.)

Kalgoorlie.—Between the 1st and 7th ult. from owner's residence on the West Boulder lease,—a gentleman's gold signet ring with "W. O'N." engraved on it; the property of WILLIAM O'NEILL.—A4/8790, 18th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 14th inst. from owner's room at 186 William Street,—a 9ct. gold heavy curb bangle, with gold padlock attached; and a 9ct. gold band bangle, with curb design around the outer edge, clasp fastening, safety chain attached; the property of ABBEBULLA.—A4/8786, 15th November, 1907.

North Kalgoorlie.—On the 15th inst. from owner's camp in Lyall Street,—a gold nugget scarf pin, heart-shaped, with safety screw at end; a ruby shirt stud set in gold; a pearl handle pocket knife; and 2 neckties; the property of JOHN PRAID.—A4/8793, 19th November, 1907.

Bunbury.—On the 15th inst. from outside owner's shop in Victoria Street,—a gentleman's free wheel Rover bicycle, enamelled black, straight handles, tips missing, rat-trap pedals, rim brake on front wheel, long saddle; the property of HARRY BRASHAW.—A4/8788, 18th November, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 12th and 14th inst. from owner's room at 26 Irwin Street,—a pair of navy blue trousers, size about 4, side and hip pockets; and a pair of black trousers the same size; the property of ARTHUR BAKER.—A4/8780, 15th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 14th inst. from owner's sulky while standing outside the Australian Hotel, Murray Street,—a gentleman's slate-coloured $\frac{3}{4}$ overcoat, lined with black material, "Leviathan Clothing Co., Swanston Street, Melbourne," on tag; the property of WILLIAM FOY.—A4/8782, 14th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 18th inst. from the river off Mill Point,—200 yards of 2½-inch fishing net, 140 yards 16 feet deep and 60 yards 8 feet deep; the property of FREDERICK TONDUT.—A4/8792, 18th November, 1907.

Kalgoorlie.—On the 13th inst. from a marquee at the Groves Pienie grounds,—a brown leather brief bag, 15 inches long, with "L. Morey" in ink on the inside; and a gentleman's light Woodrow hat, size 7½; the property of GEORGE McLEAN.—A4/8791, 18th November, 1907.

Fremantle.—On the 12th or 13th inst. while in transit by rail from Perth to Fremantle,—a complete set of black leather buggy harness, quite new, square brass mountings, patent leather winkers, and saddle, collar leather-lined, reins half black leather and half tan; the property of JOHN INGLIS.—A4/8779, 13th November, 1907.

Fremantle.—On the 13th inst. from owner's lorry while standing at the corner of High and Henry Streets,—a box containing 50 packets of Capstan cigarettes; the property of D. & J. FOWLER.—A4/8787, 16th November, 1907.

Midland Junction.—During the night of the 16th inst. from the garden at the Rectory, Spring Park Road,—about 12ft. of $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch slate-coloured rubber garden hose with spray one end and coupling the other end; the property of the Rev. FREDERICK JOSEPH PRICE.—A4/8795, 18th November, 1907.

HORSES, CATTLE, Etc.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 326, A4/8726.

Northam.—The brands on the gelding described in the above reference, the property of VOKES DUDGEON, are now given as T X on near shoulder and H 2 on near ribs.

Mingenew.—Stolen or strayed between February and October from Oberong Station, Upper Swan,—10 bullocks, branded E B under half circle on near rump, and 4 on near ribs, 2 back notches in ear; the property of EDWARD BROAD.—A4/8775, 13th November, 1907.

APPREHENSIONS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 327, W. 959/1907.

GEORGE JONES, at Northam, on the 14th inst., by P.C. J. F. Hamilton. Remanded to Perth.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 327, W. 955/1907.

MARY TRIPP, at Perth, on the 14th inst., by P.C. T. E. Rae. Remanded.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 273, W. 744/1907.

JOHN WOODS *alias* MACK, at Katanning, on the 11th inst., by Corpl. A. Purkiss and P.C. J. O'Connor. Remanded to Northam.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 280, W. 798/1907.

CHARLES VINCENT *alias* WARD *alias* GEORGE CHARLES HARWOOD, at Katanning, on the 7th inst., by Corpl. A. Purkiss. Remanded to Northam. Charged at Katanning on the 9th inst. by Corpl. A. Purkiss, on warrant; uttering. Committed for sentence.

Vide Police Gazette, 1906, page 324, W. 1050/1906.

CLAUD BEST, at Northam, on the 17th inst., by P.Cs. W. Cahill and T. O'Connor. Remanded.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 327, W. 960/1907.

ROBERT BURTON *alias* W. LEWIS, at Perth, on the 16th inst., by P.C. C. Muller. 21 days h.l.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 327, W954/1907.

DAVID TUART has been arrested at Yundamindera.

OSCAR HANLON, at Fremantle, on the 4th inst., by P.C. J. Leavy, on warrant; assaulting a female. 6 months h.l.

HENRY THOMAS PROTHERO, at Fremantle, on the 1st inst., by Det. L. O'Brien, on warrant; stealing by servant. 5 months h.l.

ANDREW WILLIAM PLUNKETT, at York, on the 14th inst., by P.C. J. W. Parkhouse, on warrant; false pretences. 2 months h.l.

JOHN BOAG, at Kalgoorlie, on the 13th inst., by P.Cs. J. J. O'Reilly and G. V. Purdue, on warrant; assault. 6 months h.l. Further charged by P.C. G. V. Purdue; stealing. 1 month h.l. (concurrent).

WILLIAM KEOGH, at Boulder, on the 14th inst., by Det. J. Porter and P.C. A. Molloy; stealing. 2 months h.l.

BESSIE BROWN, at Perth, on the 8th inst., by P.C. M. G. Bannan; stealing. 14 days h.l. Property recovered.

JOHN MITCHELL, at Northam, on the 12th inst., by P.C. J. E. Richardson; idle and disorderly. 3 months h.l.

CHARLES SOMMERS, at Fremantle, on the 10th inst., by Det. L. O'Brien and P.C. B. McConnell, on warrant; unlawful possession. Brought up at Perth on the 12th inst., charged by P.C. J. J. Frazer. 2 months h.l.

MABEL KILDEA, at Perth, on the 5th inst., by P.Cs. P. O'Donoghue and V. Houston; stealing. 7 days h.l. Property partly recovered.

ROBERT BARRINGTON *alias* ROBERT BLACK *alias* ALFRED BARRINGTON ABBOTT (under sentence *vide* page 287), brought up at Black Range on the 21st ult., charged by P.Cs. A. E. Sampson and J. S. Whatman; stealing. Committed for trial.

SPENCER WILLIAMS and ERNEST SMITH, at Black Range, on the 5th inst., by P.Cs. A. E. Sampson and J. S. Whatman; unlawfully on premises. Williams 5 months h.l.; Smith 3 months h.l. Williams further charged with idle and disorderly. 5 months h.l. (concurrent).

WALTER GALE, at Perth, on the 12th inst., by P.Cs. P. O'Donoghue and V. Houston, on warrant; rogue and vagabond. 5 months h.l.

CHARLES HENRY RHODES, at Perth, on the 12th inst., by P.C. F. W. East; unlawfully on premises. 2 months h.l.

PATRICK MURRAY *alias* PETER NOLAN, at Northam, on the 13th inst., by P.C. J. F. Hamilton; idle and disorderly. Charged by P.C. H. H. Smith. 3 months h.l.

FREDERICK JERVIS, at Northam, on the 6th inst., by P.C. J. E. Richardson; stealing by servant. 2 months h.l. Further charged with forgery and uttering. Committed for sentence.

HENRY BROCKINGTON, at Perth, on the 15th inst., by P.C. J. J. Frazer; stealing. 6 months h.l. Property recovered.

RINALDO GIOVANNI *alias* LAWRENCE CAPELLI, at Coolgardie, on the 3rd inst., by P.C. F. W. Chandler, on warrant; stealing. Brought up at Kalgoorlie on the 14th inst., charged by P.C. G. V. Purdue. 1 month h.l.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 327, W. 957/1907.

ABRAHAM MAHOMET not to be arrested. Warrant cancelled 15th inst.

PETER ROONEY, stout build, age 37 years, height 5ft. 9in. or 10in., brown hair, ginger moustache, round visage, ruddy complexion; was yardman at the Kensington Hotel, Perth, about 3 months ago and left there to go to Baker's Hill; warrant of commitment to Perth gaol for 24 hours h.l., in default of payment of the sum of 9s. 6d., being fine and costs for drunkenness at Perth on the 9th July. Dated at Perth, 23rd July, 1907.—W. 980/1907.

CHRISTOPHER ROBINSON, well built, age 25 years, height about 6ft., fair hair, small fair moustache, blue eyes, round visage, fair complexion; deep voice and very voluble; smart appearance; dressed in a grey suit, white shirt, and grey Woodrow hat; a labourer and a native of Victoria; may be in the Meekering district; stealing a gentleman's riding saddle (recovered), the property of Thomas Cosgrove, at York on or about the 14th ult. Dated at York, 11th November, 1907.—W. 971/1907.

JOHN GALLAGHER, medium build, age about 28 years, height about 5ft. 6in., dark hair, small dark moustache, blue eyes, round visage, dark complexion; large protruding ears; a fireman and a native of Ireland; dressed in a dark suit and soft cap; ARCHIE McINTYRE, medium build, age about 25 years, height about 5ft. 4in., dark hair, small dark moustache, dark eyes, round visage, dark complexion; a seaman and a native of Glasgow, Scotland; dressed in a dark serge suit and soft cap; and FREDERICK WESTERN, medium build, age about 30 years, height about 5ft. 8in., short fair hair, light brown moustache, blue eyes, small nose, round visage, fair complexion; a fireman and a native of New Zealand; dressed in a black coat, dungaree trousers, and dirty white shoes; deserting the s.s. "Aboukir" at Bumbury on the 10th inst. Dated at Bumbury, 11th November, 1907.—Ws. 972/1907, 973/1907, and 974/1907.

PERCY JOHNSON, stout build, age 15 years, height 5ft., very fair hair, large blue eyes, round visage, fair complexion; dressed in dark tweed trousers, galatea coat, and blucher boots; GEORGE PETERSON, stout build, age 16 years, height 5ft., fair hair, blue eyes, round visage, freckled face; dressed in grey dungaree knickerbockers and blue serge coat; and LESLIE GAHAN, thin build, age 15 years, height 4ft. 10in., fair hair, blue eyes, long visage, fair complexion; dressed in grey dungaree knickerbockers, no coat; absconding from the Red Hill Industrial School on the 13th inst. Dated at Midland Junction, 14th November, 1907.—Ws. 975/1907, 976/1907, and 977/1907.

MAN, name unknown (believed to be identical with WILLIAM McSKIMMING, for description and photo. *vide Police Gazette* 1905, pages 328, 329), unlawful possession of a number of bran bags at West Perth on the 19th inst. Dated at Perth, 19th November, 1907.—W. 981/1907.

SPECIAL INQUIRY.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 271, A4/6976.

CHARLES WILLIAMS *alias* HENRY WILMOTH *alias* C. JACKSON has been found in Victoria.

Special inquiry is requested by the New South Wales Police for the whereabouts of ISAAC HADDEN HUNTER, thin build, age 30 years, height 5ft. 10in. to 6ft., fair moustache and complexion; a carpenter; was at one time working at Greenbushes and Black Range, and last heard of at Moora, on the Midland Railway, about September this year. If traced endeavours should be made to persuade him to arrange for the support of his wife and two children. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/10768.

Special inquiry is requested by the Queensland Police for the whereabouts of THOMAS HOGAN, for the purpose of serving a summons on him for deserting his children. He is believed to be engaged farming in the Pingelly district. Description:—Medium build, age 38 years, height 5ft. 8in. or 9in., fair hair, small sandy moustache, grey eyes, thin visage, fresh complexion; walks with a quick step; addicted to drink; was a school teacher at the Fremantle State School about 4 years ago. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11160.

MISSING FRIENDS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 308, B2/11030.

LILLIAN MAY TOWNSEND has been found at Albany.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 311, B2/11071.

JOHN CARLSON EMANUEL has been found. Further inquiry not desired.

WILLIAM LISTON, age about 36 years, height 6ft., dark hair, grey eyes, dark complexion; lame in one ankle; a drover and a native of England; last heard of at Wyndham about 2 years ago. Inquiry Mrs. A. Blacker, Wurruk, near Sale, Gippsland, Victoria. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11135.

EDWARD EAST, stout build, age 48 years, height about 5ft. 8in., grey hair and moustache, grey eyes, round visage, fair complexion; a bricklayer; last heard of at Cottesloe about a month ago. Inquiry by his wife, Rachael East, c/o Mrs. Davis, Carrington Street, East Fremantle. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11139.

WILFRED JOSEPH SEYMOUR, medium build, age 16 years, height about 5ft. 8in., dark hair and eyes, nose slightly turned up, oval visage, dark complexion; old scar on back of head; a labourer and a native of Katanning, W.A.; will probably be wearing a grey suit and tweed cap; last heard of at Cuballing in May this year. Inquiry by his mother, Mrs. K. Seymour, Katanning. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11147.

MARGARET AH SING, medium build, age between 16 and 17 years, height about 5ft. 5in., dark hair, brown eyes, round visage, dark complexion; a domestic servant and a native of this State; last heard of at Midland Junction on the 12th ult.; may be accompanied by a man named ROBERT BARREN, rather stout build, age about 40 years, height about 5ft. 11in., dark hair turning grey, dark moustache, long visage, dark complexion; a farmer until recently

residing at Narrogin. Inquiry by her father, William Ah Sing, Newcastle Road, Midland Junction. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11133.

Midland Junction.—On the 16th inst.,—a lady's dark brown sealskin jacket without buttons; the property of JESSIE GREY.—P.L. 327/1907.

PROPERTY LOST.

Perth.—On the 11th inst.,—a gold scarf pin set with a light blue cameo of Lord Nelson in uniform, gold bar and ring at back, shank has been repaired; the property of THOMAS OYSTON.—P.L. 322/1907. On the 31st ult.,—a 15ct. gold rope pattern neck chain with a 9ct. gold heart-shaped pendant attached, set with 32 or 33 pearls and 3 turquoise; the property of EILEEN TOBIN.—P.L. 324/1907. On the 15th inst.,—a lady's silver open face stem-winding watch, white dial, sunk seconds, and a gun metal bow brooch attached; the property of NURSE KRUGER.—P.L. 328/1907.

DESERTERS FROM H.M. SERVICE

JOHN SULLIVAN, age 23 years, height 5ft. 6in., dark brown hair, brown eyes, fresh complexion; a stoker and a native of St. Bedes, England; snake around a tree tattooed on right forearm; WILLIAM J. PRICE, age 21 years, height 5ft. 6in., dark brown hair, grey eyes, fresh complexion; a signalmen and a native of England; and PETER MULVANEY, age 19 years, height 5ft. 6in., dark brown hair, grey eyes, fresh complexion; a seaman and a native of Ireland; deserting from H.M.S. "Cambrian" at Fremantle on the 17th inst. A reward of £3 each is offered for the apprehension of these men.—A4/8794.

Return of Prisoners tried at Supreme Court, Perth, commencing Tuesday, 5th November, 1907.

Con- dition.	Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Town or District.	Police Gazette reference.	Verdict.	How disposed of.
...	...	Lord <i>alias</i> Thompson, Joseph ...	Perjury	Northam ...	1907. Page 307	Not guilty	Discharged.
...	...	Barrett, Arthur Leslie ...	Stealing	Perth ...	Page 295	do. ...	do.
...	...	Dean, Joseph ...	Horse stealing ...	Northam ...	Page 310	do. ...	do
...	...	Hughes, George William ...	Wounding with intent	Perth ...	Page 318	Guilty ...	12 months h.l.
...	...	Geraghty <i>alias</i> Brown, John ...	Rape (2 charges) ...	Carnarvon ...	Page 300	... ..	Remanded till Decem- ber Sessions.
...	...	do	Attempted rape ...	do. ...	Page 300	Not guilty ...	Discharged.
...	...	Abdullah	Shooting with intent to kill	do. ...	Page 300	Guilty ...	5 years h.l.
...	...	Ion, Stanley	Burglary	Perth ...	Page 318	do. ...	Bound over in 2 sureties of £100.
...	...	Pritchard, John Henry ...	Stealing by servant ...	do. ...	Page 318	Not guilty ...	Discharged.

PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

Condition.	Reg. No. or late Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Sentence.	Where Committed.	Date of Discharge.	Date of Group Photo.
<i>From Fremantle Prison during the week ending 16th November, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	6438	Hyland, Chas. M. ...	Vagrancy ...	4 months h.l. ...	Fremantle	11th Nov. ...	April, 1905
Do	4093	Frayne, Richd. Hy.	False pretences (two charges)	4 months h.l.; 4 months h.l. (cum.);	Perth ...	12th do ...	Oct., 1902
Do	7160	Templar, Norman B.	In possession of skeleton keys; unlawful possession (five charges); breaking and entering	6 months h.l.; 6 months h.l.; 6 months h.l.; 6 months h.l.; 6 months h.l. (conc.); 12 months h.l. (cum.)	Northam; Sup. Court	12th do ...	Nov., 1907
Exp. ...	8702	Smith, Robert ...	Unlawful possession ...	2 months h.l.; ...	York ...	13th do ...	Oct., 1899
Free ...	7069	Donnelly, Robert ...	Stealing ...	3 months h.l. ...	Perth ...	14th do ...	Mar., 1907
Do	3407	McMahon, Frank Jos.	Unlawful possession ...	2 months h.l. ...	do ...	16th do	
Do	5118	Doyle, Jno. Patk. ...	Stealing from the person	6 weeks h.l. ...	Fremantle	16th do	
Do	7551	Tony, Wm. ...	do ...	6 weeks h.l. ...	do ...	16th do	
Do	7540	Kelly, Daniel ...	Unlawful possession ...	2 months h.l. ...	York ...	16th do	
Do	5772	Packer, Harry ...	Assaulting female ...	6 months h.l. ...	Perth ...	16th do ...	Oct., 1903
<i>From Newcastle Gaol for the week ending 9th November, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	...	Lang, William ...	Stealing from person ...	1 month h.l. ...	Newcastle	4th Nov.	
<i>From Roebourne Gaol for the week ending 5th October, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	...	Rossland, Frank ...	Stealing ...	2 years h.l. ...	Roebourne	5th Oct.	
<i>From Cue Gaol for the week ending 2nd November, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	...	Johnstone, Benjamin	Idle and disorderly ...	3 months h.l. ...	Nannine	30th Oct.	
<i>From Geraldton Gaol for the week ending 26th October, 1907.</i>							
Free ...	...	Malone, John ...	Evil fame ...	3 months h.l. ...	Geraldton	23rd Oct.	

ESCAPED PRISONERS.

For list of names, etc., *vide* page 138.



Police Gazette,

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

[Published by Authority.]

This Gazette is published for Police information only, and the Police throughout the State are instructed to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the contents.

FRED. HARE, Commissioner of Police.

No. 48.]

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

[1907.

STEALING IN DWELLINGS, FROM THE PERSON, Etc.

Perth.—On the 23rd inst. from owner's shop, 205 William Street,—a gentleman's silver hunting key-winding English lever watch, "J. F. McD." engraved on the outside of front case, white dial, black hands; a lady's silver open face key-winding Geneva watch, white dial, black hands; and a 15ct. gold curb double chain, with bar in centre, white metal swivel one end and black metal one the other end, and a silver and blue enamel square and compass attached; the property of JOSEPH JOHNSON.—A4/8885, 24th November, 1907.

Fremantle.—On the 12th ult. from owner's boat, while at Victoria Quay,—a gentleman's silver hunting stem-winding Waltham watch, with "W. Peterson" scratched on the inside of back case, sunk seconds; and a silver double chain with bar in centre, long and short links alternately, bar in centre of long link, and twisted wire in the short link; with a silver locket and match box attached; the property of WILHELM PETERSON.—A4/8882, 23rd November, 1907.

Darhurst.—On the 7th inst. from owner's person, while under the influence of liquor,—a gentleman's silver hunting stem-winding Rotherham watch, with "W. G. F. Gloede" engraved on the inside case, and "W. G." underneath the regulator; a 15ct. gold double curb chain, about 14in. long, weighing 2½ozs.; a 15ct. gold oval-shaped locket with a small opal set in centre; and a 9ct. gold shield-shaped medal with "M. G. F. Gloede" engraved on it; the property of WILLIAM G. F. GLOEDE.—A4/8864, 20th November, 1907.

Meckering.—On the 20th inst. from owner's camp,—a gentleman's gun metal open face stem-winding watch, white dial, steel hands, a locomotive engine, and the words "Railway regulator" engraved on the outside of case; the property of FRANK DART.—A4/8892, 26th November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 25th inst. from the balcony at the Royal Hotel, William Street,—a gentleman's silver hunting key-winding watch, No. 10355, white dial, black hands, "T.M." stamped in two or three places on the inside; a silver double chain, long link and 2 or 3 short links alternately; and a single-breasted dark waistcoat with dark stripes and grey specks; the property of THOMAS MAISEY.—A4/8890, 25th November, 1907.

Boulder.—On the 18th inst. from owner's person, while under the influence of liquor,—a gentleman's silver hunting stem-winding Rotherham watch, "Michael C. Mahoney" engraved on the inside of back case, white dial, sunk seconds, gold hands, spring of front case weak; and a 15ct. gold double curb chain, about 18in. long, weighing about 2½ozs., bar in centre; and a gold nugget pendant attached, the shape of a finger bent, weighing about 3dwts.; the property of MICHAEL C. MAHONEY.—A4/8888, 25th November, 1907.

Perth.—During the night of the 16th inst. from owner's room at the Commonwealth Hotel,—a gentleman's gold curb double chain, with a gold pencil case attached, "F.E.M." engraved on it; the property of ROBERT MASKILL.—A4/8878, 23rd November, 1907.

Perth.—On the 23rd inst. from outside Faulding's buildings in Murray Street,—a gentleman's Rover bicycle, model No. 1 A, enamelled black, No. 38703, curved handles, cork grips, worn, rat-trap pedals with toe clips, Dunlop tires, Brooks' saddle; the property of WILLIAM WYNNE.—A4/8883.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 333, A4/8791.

Kalgoorlie.—The brief bag and hat described in the above reference, the property of GEORGE McLEAN, have been found, not stolen.

Fremantle.—About the 8th September from Wakely's farm in Russell Road, Coogee,—a hand saw; a rat tail saw; a wooden smoothing plane; a wooden

spokeshave; a 12in. square; a 3/4in. auger; a steel bevel with wooden handle; a long spirit level; a brass plumb bob; a soldering iron; and 2 chisels, one 1 1/4in. and the other 1in.; the property of SYDNEY EDWARD ELLIS.—A4/8881, 23rd November, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 16th and 18th inst. from owner's foundry, 96 James Street,—6 single-handed engineer's hammers; and 6 steel chisels, from 6in. to 8in. long, nearly all branded H; the property of JAMES HAYDEN.—A4/8884, 23rd November, 1907.

Guildford.—During the night of the 17th inst. from the yard of the Stirling Arms Hotel,—about 30 feet of 1/2in. rubber garden hose with coupling one end, piece of rag bound round centre; the property of THOMAS EDWARD THOMPSON.—A4/8865, 20th November, 1907.

Perth.—Between the 16th and 18th inst. from the club's pavilion in King's Park,—2 sets of cricketing stumps; 2 pairs of cricketing pads; 3 balls; and 2 bats; the property of the HIGH SCHOOL CRICKET CLUB.—A4/8876, 21st November, 1907.

HORSES, CATTLE, Etc.

Mt. Sir Samuel.—Stolen or strayed about the 6th August,—6 heifers from 18 months to two years old, all branded HD (conjoined) on near ribs, 2 are roan colour, 1 red with white star on forehead, and 3 spotted red and white; and 2 heifers about 18 months old, 1 a red branded CIN on near rump; and the other a roan branded CIN on near rump and 6 on cheek, all of them have 3 slits in near ear; the property of FRANK MEREDITH.—A4/8874, 22nd November, 1907.

APPREHENSIONS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 335, Ws. 975/1907, 977/1907.

PERCY JOHNSON and LESLIE GAHAN, at Northam, on the 22nd inst., by P.C. J. F. Hamilton. Remanded to Midland Junction.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 334.

MARY TRIPP brought up at Perth on the 22nd inst. Discharged. Information withdrawn.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 334.

GEORGE JONES brought up at Perth on the 22nd inst., charged by Det. J. L. Dempsey. Bound over for 2 months and ordered to make restitution.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 335, Ws. 972/1907, 973/1907 and 974/1907.

JOHN GALLAGHER, ARCHIBALD McINTYRE and FREDERICK WESTERN, at Bunbury, on the 13th inst., by P.C. G. Johnston. Gallagher and McIntyre 14 days h.l. each; Western remanded.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 334.

CHARLES VINCENT *alias* WARD *alias* GEORGE CHARLES HARWOOD brought up at Northam on the 19th inst., charged by P.C. H. H. Smith. Withdrawn. Further charged with false pretences. 6 months h.l.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 334.

JOHN WOODS *alias* MACK brought up at Northam on the 19th inst., charged by P.C. J. F. Hamilton. 3 months h.l. Further charged with stealing. Remanded to Boulder.

GEORGE PRICE (under committal, *vide* page 307), brought up at Kalgoorlie on the 22nd inst., charged by Det. J. H. Lynch; uttering. Committed for trial.

JAMES HOUSTON, at Northam, on the 19th inst., by P.C. J. E. Richardson; idle and disorderly. 3 months h.l.

JAMES WALSH, at Perth, on the 20th September, by P.Cs. P. O'Donoghue and W. Crawford; unlawful possession. Brought up on the 3rd ult. Fined £4 10s. and costs or 21 days h.l.

HENRY SNOWDEN, at Perth, on the 22nd inst., by P.C. J. P. Brown; attempted stealing from the person. 6 months h.l.

EDWARD MURPHY, at Perth, on the 20th inst., by P.C. G. W. Hornsby; stealing. 2 months h.l. Property recovered.

HENRY McDONNELL, at Perth, on the 20th inst., by Det. E. J. McLernon and P.C. A. Young; stealing. 14 days h.l. Property recovered.

GEORGE RICHARD GARDINER, at Day Dawn, on the 11th inst., by P.Cs. H. A. Laslett and A. H. Trotman; stealing. 3 months h.l. Property recovered.

JOHN HENRY PRITCHARD, at Perth, on the 7th inst., by P.C. M. G. Bannon, on warrant; false pretences. Committed for trial.

JOHN THOMAS HEALY, at Kalgoorlie, on the 17th inst., by P.C. G. V. Purdue, on warrant; stealing from the person. 3 months h.l.

WILLIAM COMPSTON, at Gwalia, on the 20th ult., by P.Cs. J. B. Bretag and J. J. Leen, on warrant; assault causing grievous bodily harm. Committed for trial 21st inst. Admitted to bail.

JOHN HENRY REES, at Fremantle, on the 11th inst., by P.C. J. Wood; unlawful possession. 3 months h.l.

JAMES DEVRIDGE *alias* DAVIES *alias* WILMOTT, at Fremantle, on the 16th inst., by P.C. A. H. Pitman; stealing. 3 months h.l. Property recovered.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

ANTONIO LOSCHAVIO, medium build, age 42 years, height 5ft. 7in., black hair, short black moustache, deep set black eyes, very dark complexion; dressed in a dark tweed suit, and dark felt hat; and wears a gold watch chain with pendant missing; an Italian; may be accompanied by his two daughters, aged 9 and 7 years; deserting his child at Sydney, New South Wales. Provisional warrant issued at Perth 15th November, 1907.—W. 992/1907.

CLAUD BEST (for description *vide* *Police Gazette* 1906, page 324, W. 1050/1906) escaping from legal custody at Northam on the 20th inst. Dated at Northam, 20th November, 1907.—W. 995/1907.

KARL HALDIN, medium build, age 29 years, height about 5ft. 10in., fair hair, small fair moustache, long visage, fair complexion; a seaman and a native of Norway; deserting the ship "Weatherfield" at

Fremantle on the 18th inst. Dated at Fremantle, 19th November, 1907.—W. 993/1907.

JOHN McLELLAN, medium build, age 43 years, height 5ft. 5in., dark brown hair, brown moustache, cut short, long visage, dark complexion; a labourer and a native of Ireland; dressed in blue dungaree trousers and dark coat; warrant of commitment to Perth gaol for 48 hours h.l., in default of payment of the sum of 12s., being fine and costs for disorderly conduct at Perth on the 23rd April. Dated at Perth, 3rd May, 1907.—W. 996/1907.

SPECIAL INQUIRY.

Special inquiry is requested by the Medical Department for the whereabouts of WILLIAM KELLY for the purpose of collecting the sum of £6 12s. from him for treatment at the Collie Hospital. He left there on the 19th March last and was working on the Lyall Saw Mill, and afterwards at Donnybrook and Greenbushes. Description:—Stout build, age 46 years, height 6ft., iron grey hair, light eyebrows, blue eyes, thick lips, brown moustache turning grey, round chin and visage, fresh complexion; a labourer and a native of Ireland; generally wears a grey tweed sac suit. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11165.

MISSING FRIENDS.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 322, B2/11063.

MICHAEL O'FLAHERTY *alias* FLAHERTY has been found at Collie.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 322, B2/11077.

PAUL DIETZMANN has been found.

JOHN MICHAEL McDONNELL, generally known as JACK MACK, medium build, age 34 years, height 5ft. 5in., brown hair, fair moustache, full visage, fair complexion; a shearer and station hand and a native of Geraldton; last heard of at Yanyareddy Station on the Ashburton in December, 1906. Inquiry by his sister, Mrs. M. Mullins, Black Range, Western Australia. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11170.

ROBERT PEARSON JACKSON HARVEY, age 33 years, height 5ft. 5in. or 9in., fair hair, thin on top, small fair moustache, large blue eyes, short pug nose; scar from burn on one elbow; a labourer and a native of Yacka, South Australia; was charcoal burning at Mt. Sir Samuel about 3 years ago, and left there with a man named Michael Burke for the Nor'-West, and was heard of at Roebourne about 12 months ago. Inquiry by his brother, Robert Harvey, Yacka, South Australia. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11171.

CHRISTOPHER JOSEPH ADAMS, stout build, age 28 years, height about 5ft. 10in., fair hair and moustache, blue eyes, round visage, fair complexion; a miner and a native of New South Wales; last heard of at Leonora about 3 years ago. Inquiry by his mother, Sarah Adams, Victoria Street, Cottesloe. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11166.

H. J. BROXUP (no description given), a fitter at one time residing at 65 Pier Street, Perth, and prior to 1904 took up land at Mundaring. Inquiry by R. Wigglesworth, Lands Department, Perth. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/10968.

JIM JAMES, thin build, age 21 years, looks younger, height about 5ft. 5in., brown hair, may have very small fair moustache, blue eyes, straight nose, oval visage, fair complexion; slightly freckled face; delicate appearance; a plumber and a native of Queensland; generally wears a black suit and straw hat; last heard of at Ravensthorpe on the 23rd April. Inquiry by his mother, Mrs. A. F. Chambers, Clancy Street, Boulder. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11005.

JAMES HILLIER, well built, age about 50 years, height 5ft. 5in., sandy hair, beard, and moustache; top joint of one finger bent; last heard of in Perth about 12 months ago, and previous to that was working on the rabbit-proof fence. Inquiry by his brother, R. Hillier, Marooka Police Station, South Australia. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11080.

GEORGE CHAMBERLAIN, thin build, age 27 years, height about 5ft. 6in., light brown hair, fair moustache, grey eyes, Roman nose, long visage, fair complexion; a labourer and a native of this State; addicted to drink; last heard of in November, 1906, when he was working on a farm at Yandanooka, in the Geraldton district. Inquiry by his father, William Alexander Chamberlain, Hamilton Road, South Fremantle. Information to the Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B2/11186.

PROPERTY LOST.

Vide Police Gazette, 1907, page 336, P.L. 327/1907.

Perth.—The lady's sealskin jacket described in the above reference, the property of JESSIE GRAY, has been found.

Perth.—On the 22nd inst.,—a gentleman's 9ct. gold signet ring with monogram "H.R." engraved on it; the property of HUGH RICHARDSON.—P.L. 332/1907. On the 23rd inst.,—2 leather brief bags containing samples of oxychloride; the property of RYS HARVEY ROBINSON.—P.L. 333/1907.

Kalgoorlie.—On the 20th inst.,—a gentleman's 18ct. gold curb single chain, about 9in. long and weighing about 2½ozs., bar one end; the property of SAMUEL McGUINNESS.—P.L. 331/1907.

PROPERTY FOUND.

Perth.—On the 5th ult.,—brass chain and 2 silver medals.—P.F. 130/1907. On the 7th ult.,—gold scarf pin.—P.F. 131/1907. On the 19th ult.,—paw ticket.—134/1907. On the 19th ult.,—gold medallion.—P.F. 136/1907. On the 30th ult.,—gold brooch and bracelet.—P.F. 139/1907. On the 15th inst.,—bicycle saddle.—P.F. 144/1907. On the 18th inst.,—paw ticket.—P.F. 146/1907. On the 18th inst.,—paw ticket.—P.F. 147/1907. On the 20th inst.,—lady's bicycle.—P.F. 148/1907.

Kalgoorlie.—On the 30th ult.,—gent's silver watch and chain.—P.F. 32/1907.

Donnybrook.—On the 15th ult.,—gent's gold watch.—P.F. 29/1907.

North Fremantle.—On the 9th ult.,—gold neck chain and locket.—P.F. 30/1907.

Coolgardie.—On the 13th September,—2 overcoats.—P.F. 33/1907.

Boulder.—On the 10th inst.,—lady's gold ring.—
P.F. 35/1907.

ESCAPED PRISONERS.

CLAUD BEST (for description *vide* *Police Gazette* 1906, page 324, W. 1050/1906) escaped from Northam lockup on the 20th inst. while on remand to Kalgoorlie to answer a charge of receiving.—A4/8887.

JOSEPH STAPLETON, medium build, age 20 years, height 5ft. 6½in., dark brown hair, brown eyes, very dark complexion; several lumps on back of arms; dressed in a dark coat, dungaree trousers, black woollen singlet, tan boots, and brown felt hat; escaped from Bunbury gaol on the 23rd inst. while serving a sentence of 6 months h.l. for stealing.—A4/8889.

DESERTERS FROM H.M. SERVICE

JAMES McLUTEE, age 19 years, height 5ft. 4½in. dark brown hair, hazel eyes, fresh complexion; scar on right eyebrow; "J." tattooed on left forearm; woman on the right forearm; a seaman and a native of Liverpool, England; JAMES A. BROWNE, age 20 years, height 5ft. 6in., grey eyes, dark brown hair, fair complexion; man and woman tattooed on left forearm; ship and crucifixion on right forearm; scar on right knee; a seaman and a native of New Zealand; and AUGUSTUS WICKENDEN, age 18 years, height 5ft. 7in., brown hair, grey eyes, fresh complexion; anchor tattooed on left forearm; 2 scars on top of head; mole on right wrist; a seaman and a native of Manchester, England; deserting from H.M.S. "Cambrian" at Fremantle on the 18th inst. A reward of £3 each is offered for the apprehension of these deserters.—A4/8886.

Return of Prisoners tried at Albany Quarter Sessions, commencing Wednesday, 20th November, 1907.

Condition.	Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Town or District.	Police Gazette reference.	Verdict.	How disposed of.
Free...	...	Knopp, Herman ...	Breaking and entering	Albany ...	1907, Page 276	Not guilty	Discharged.

PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

Condition.	Reg. No. or late Reg. No.	Name.	Offence.	Sentence.	Where Committed.	Date of Discharge.	Date of Group Photo.
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From Perth Gaol for the week ending 16th November, 1907.

Female	...	Kildea, Mabel ...	Stealing ...	7 days h.l. ...	Perth	11th Nov.	
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From Fremantle Prison during the week ending 23rd November, 1907.

Free ...	5457	Rankin, John ...	Stealing: Illegally using a horse and cart	3 months h.l.; 3 months h.l. (cum.)	Perth ...	18th Nov. ...	Aug., 1903
Do	6753	Broad, <i>alias</i> Howe, James	Robbery with violence ...	2 years h.l. and 12 strokes	Sup. Court	18th do ...	Nov., 1907
Do	6765	Quy, Frank ...	Attempted carnal knowledge	2 years and 9 months h.l.	do ...	18th do ...	Nov., 1907
Free ...	4583	O'Connor, Felix ...	Disorderly, vagrancy ...	3 days h.l.; 5 months and 3 weeks h.l. (conc.)	do ...	21st do ...	Jan., 1903
Do	7031	Kavanagh, Robert	Vagrancy ...	4 months h.l. ...	Fremantle	23rd do ...	Nov., 1907
Do	7109	Methuen, Angus E.	do ...	6 months h.l. ...	Gingin ...	23rd do ...	Nov., 1907

From Cue Gaol for the week ending 2nd November, 1907.

Free	Brockbank, Thomas	Stealing ...	21 days h.l. ...	Day Dawn	9th Nov.	
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From Bunbury Gaol from the week ending 20th July to the week ending 19th October, 1907.

Free ...	...	Skelton, Thomas ...	Disorderly ...	3 months h.l. ...	Bunbury	20th July	
Do ...	...	Burns, William ...	False pretences ...	1 month h.l. ...	Donnybrook	17th July	
Do ...	...	Mooney, Hugh ...	do ...	1 month h.l. ...	do ...	do	
Do ...	...	Searle, John ...	do ...	1 month h.l. ...	do ...	do	
Do ...	...	Dreger, James ...	Evil fame ...	3 months imprisonment	Bunbury	2nd Aug.	
Do ...	...	Dreger, Henry ...	do ...	3 months imprisonment	do ...	do	
Do ...	...	Flint, Percy Edwin	Stealing ...	2 months h.l. ...	do ...	6th Aug.	
Do ...	...	Davidson, Richard	do ...	1 month h.l. ...	Yarloop ...	14th Aug.	
Do ...	...	Cullen, John, <i>alias</i> James	do ...	7 days h.l. ...	Bunbury	27th Aug.	
Do ...	...	Segerholm, Carl ...	Unlawful possession ...	14 days h.l. ...	do ...	3rd Sept.	
Do ...	...	Riley, James ...	Stealing ...	1 month h.l. ...	do ...	6th Sept.	
Do ...	...	Stapleton, Joseph ...	Unlawful possession; stealing	2 months h.l.; 14 days h.l. (cum.)	do ...	4th Oct.	
Do ...	...	Burns, James ...	Carnally knowing girl underage	3 months imprisonment	do ...	16th Oct.	
Do ...	...	McDonnell, Charles	Stealing ...	5½ months h.l. ...	do ...	18th Oct.	
Do ...	...	Graham, James ...	do ...	5½ months h.l. ...	do ...	18th Oct.	

From Geraldton Gaol for the week ending 16th November, 1907.

Free	Emmett, Charles ...	Evil fame... ...	4 months h.l. ...	Geraldton	23rd Nov.	
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ESCAPED PRISONERS.

For list of names, etc., *vide* page 138.